

Industrial Motor Bearings

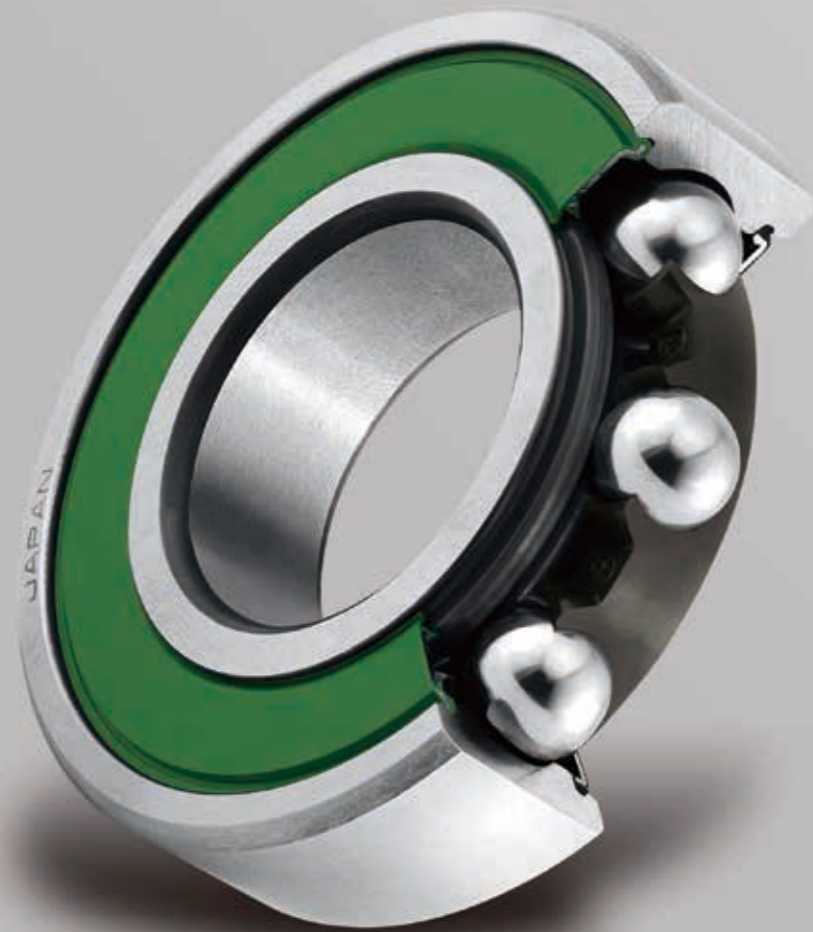


INDUSTRIAL MOTOR BEARINGS

All industries are powered by motors. NSK's proven bearings take loads and support smooth and quiet rotation in rotating motor components.

Our top priority is to deliver solutions that protect the environment. To this end, we focus on Tribology to create technologies that reduce energy loss and improve life. We address trends towards electric power by offering high-performance bearings with low energy loss, high reliability, and long product life.

This catalog details NSK's industrial motor bearings, including products with low torque, long life, and low heat generation.



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NSK Solutions for Industrial Motor Needs

| | Issues/Needs | NSK's Response | Bearing Components | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|---------------|---------|--------|------|----------|
| | | | Outer Ring/Inner Ring | | Ball | | Cage | | Seal | Grease | | |
| | | | Ceramic-Coated Insulated Bearings | Creep-Free Bearings | Ceramic Balls | Seizure-Resistant Heat-Treated Steel Balls | Plastic Cages for EV Motors | Plastic Cages | DW Seal | EA7 | LGU | EA9 |
| | | | P. 12-13 | P. 20-21 | P. 18-19 | P. 14-15 | P. 14-15 | P. 16-17 | P. 8-9 | P. 6 | P. 7 | P. 10-11 |
| Servomotors P. 6-9 | Encoder error and brake slip | Low-particle-emission bearings | | | | | | | ● | | ● | |
| | Longer maintenance intervals | Longer seizure life | | | ○ | | | | | ○ | ● | |
| | Improved reliability under harsh operating conditions | Improved fretting resistance | | ○ | ○ | | | | | | ● | |
| High-Efficiency Motors P. 10-11 | Reduced motor loss | Reduced rotating resistance | | | | | | | | ○ | | ● |
| | Longer maintenance intervals | Longer seizure life | | | ○ | | | | | ○ | | ● |
| | Vibrating and unbalanced loads | Improved creep resistance | | ○ | | | | | | | | |
| Inverter Motors P. 12-13 | Electical erosion Maintenance-free operation | Bearings as insulator | ● | | ○ | | | | | | | |
| EV Motors P. 14-15 | High-speed rotation | Longer seizure life | | | ○ | ● | ● | | | | | |
| | Longer maintenance intervals | Longer seizure life | | | ○ | ● | ● | | | | | ● |
| | High-speed rotation and unbalanced loads | Improved creep resistance | | ○ | | | | | | | | |

●:Recommended ○:Option



High-Reliability EA7 Grease for Servomotors

Machine tools, robots, and carrier equipment require servomotors to endure repeated start/stop/reverse operations under harsh conditions with microvibrations caused by slight positioning errors during servo-lock. These conditions may lead to an insufficient oil film on the bearing raceway surface, resulting in fretting damage. In response, NSK developed EA7 grease with excellent fretting resistance, long life, and improved reliability.

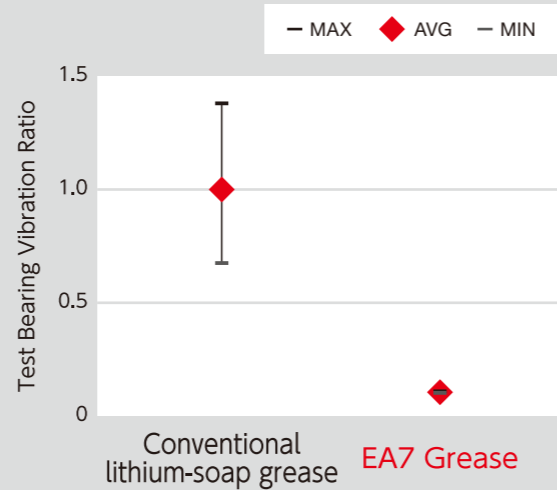
Features

Better Reliability Under Harsh Operating Conditions

EA7 grease improves fretting resistance in environments with micro-vibrations, reducing vibration and achieving longer bearing life.

Fretting: Wear due to repeated sliding between two surfaces. When bearings face vibrations or oscillations while stopped, an insufficient oil film may result, leading to this damage.

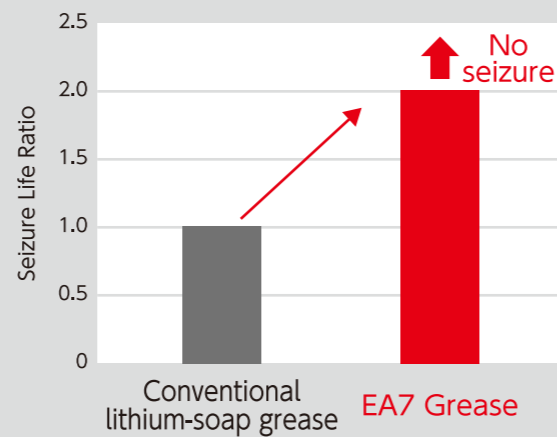
Tested bearings: $\phi 8 \times \phi 22 \times 7$
 Preload: 49 N
 Oscillation angle: $1^\circ (\pm 0.5^\circ)$
 Oscillation frequency: 30 Hz
 Oscillations: 5 000 000



Longer Maintenance Intervals

Bearings filled with EA7 Grease have a much longer life than those with conventional lithium-soap grease.

Tested bearings: $\phi 25 \times \phi 62 \times 17$
 Rotational speed: 10 000 min^{-1}
 Temperature: 140 °C



Low-Particle-Emission LGU Grease for Servomotors

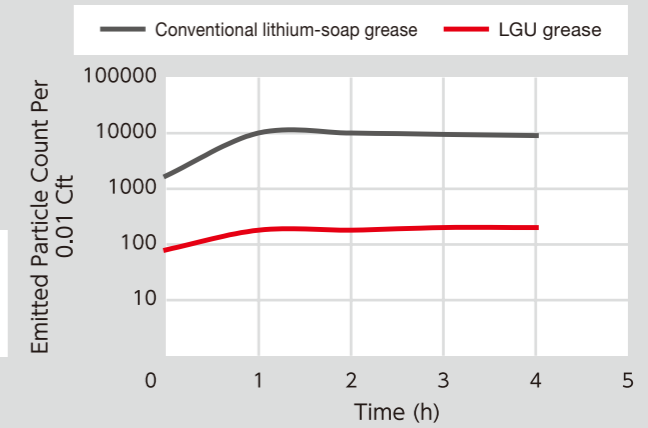
LGU grease features an optimized grease composition free of sulfur and metal elements. This greatly reduces particle emissions, helping to prevent encoder contamination and brake slip.

Features

Less Encoder Contamination and Brake Slip

LGU grease has nearly 90% less particle emissions than conventional lithium-soap grease.

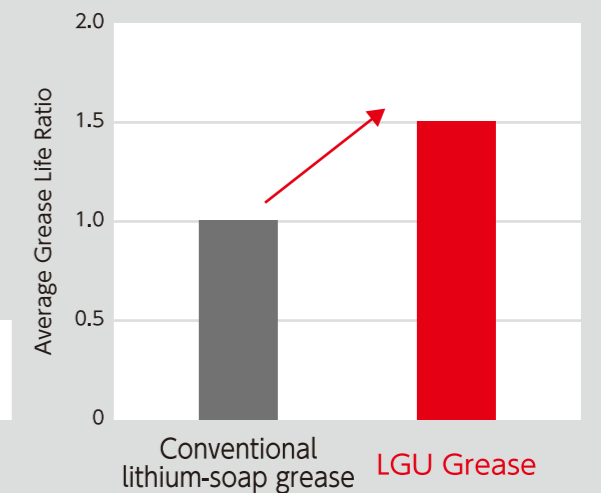
Tested bearings: $\phi 8 \times \phi 22 \times 7$
 Grease Fill: Light (L)
 Rotational Speed: 1 800 min^{-1}
 Particle Size: Over 0.1 μm



Longer Maintenance Intervals

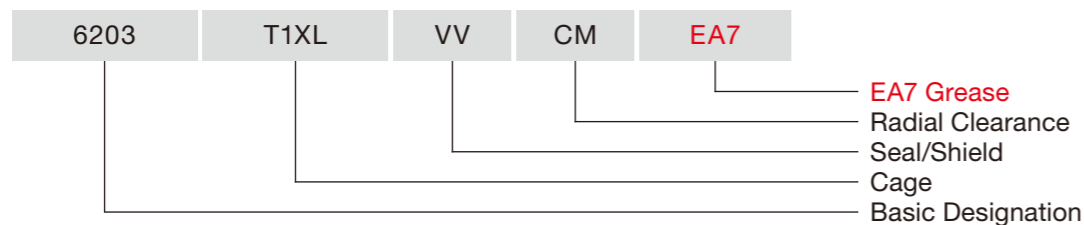
Bearings with LGU grease realize a grease life 1.5 times longer than that with conventional lithium-soap grease.

Tested bearings: $\phi 25 \times \phi 62 \times 17$
 Rotational speed: 10 000 min^{-1}
 Temperature: 140 °C



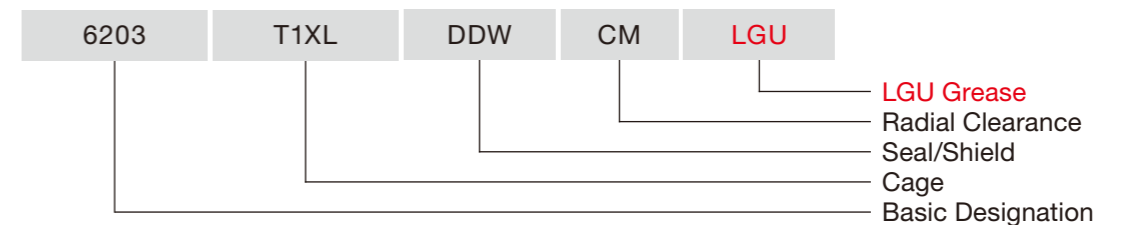
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Example Bearing Designation



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Example Bearing Designation





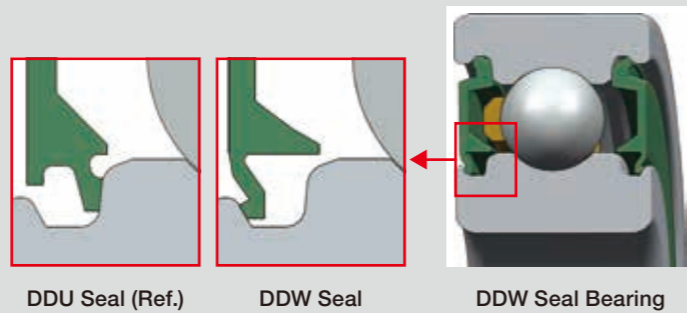
Low-Particle-Emission DW Seal for Servomotors

Light-contact DW seals have an optimized seal lip structure that prevents grease from leaking from the bearing and realizes low torque. These features help prevent encoder contamination and brake slip in servomotors.

Features

1 Light-Contact Seal Lip

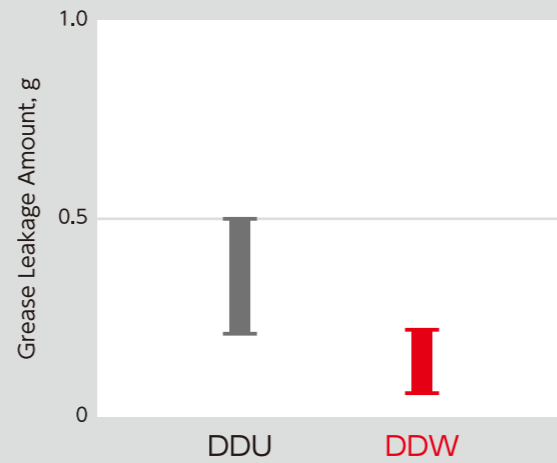
A special seal lip structure lowers lip pressure, resulting in low torque. The main lip has outward contact with the beveled portion of the inner ring seal groove. This prevents the seal from opening due to internal pressure and prevents grease leakage.



2 Less Encoder Contamination and Brake Slip

DW seals minimize grease leakage.

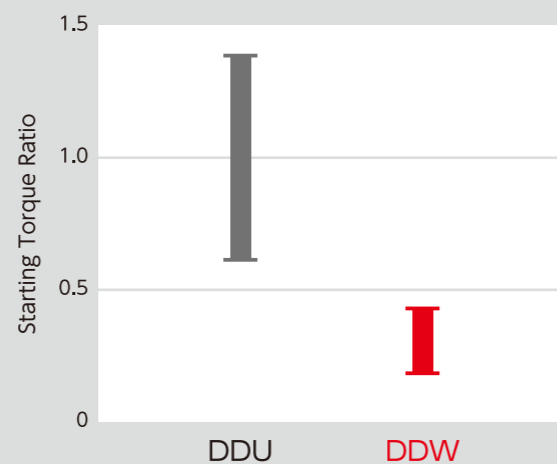
Tested bearings: $\phi 17 \times \phi 40 \times 12$
 Rotational Speed: 20 000 min⁻¹
 Radial load: 147 N
 Temperature: 100 °C
 Time: 24 h
 Grease: Lithium grease with ester base oil, filling 45% of space volume



3 Lower Energy Consumption

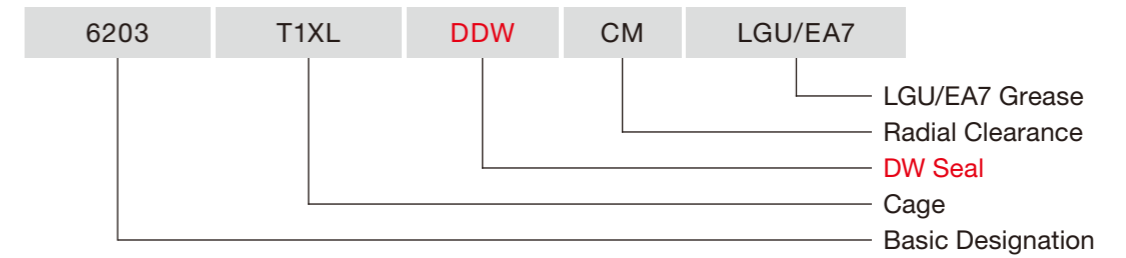
DW seals greatly reduce starting torque compared to DU seals.

Tested bearings: $\phi 17 \times \phi 40 \times 12$
 Temperature: 25 °C



DATA

Example Bearing Designation



| Designation | Boundary Dimensions (mm) | | |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------|
| | Bore Dia. | Outside Dia. | Width |
| 6000 | 10 | 26 | 8 |
| 6200 | | 30 | 9 |
| 6001 | 12 | 28 | 8 |
| 6201 | | 32 | 10 |
| 6301 | | 37 | 12 |
| 6002 | 15 | 32 | 9 |
| 6202 | | 35 | 11 |
| 6302 | | 42 | 13 |
| 6003 | 17 | 35 | 10 |
| 6203 | | 40 | 12 |
| 6303 | | 47 | 14 |
| 6004 | 20 | 42 | 12 |
| 6204 | | 47 | 14 |
| 6304 | | 52 | 15 |
| 6005 | 25 | 47 | 12 |
| 6205 | | 52 | 15 |
| 6305 | | 62 | 17 |

| Designation | Boundary Dimensions (mm) | | |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------|
| | Bore Dia. | Outside Dia. | Width |
| 6006 | 30 | 55 | 13 |
| 6206 | | 62 | 16 |
| 6306 | | 72 | 19 |
| 6007 | 35 | 62 | 14 |
| 6207 | | 72 | 17 |
| 6307 | | 80 | 21 |
| 6008 | 40 | 68 | 15 |
| 6208 | | 80 | 18 |
| 6308 | | 90 | 23 |
| 6209 | 45 | 85 | 19 |
| 6309 | | 100 | 25 |
| 6010 | 50 | 80 | 16 |
| 6210 | | 90 | 20 |
| 6310 | | 110 | 27 |
| 6311 | 55 | 120 | 29 |



Low Torque & Long-Life Bearings for High-Efficiency Motors

NSK optimized the type of grease and fill amount and reduced grease shear and agitation resistance during bearing rotation to realize low torque, long life, and energy savings.

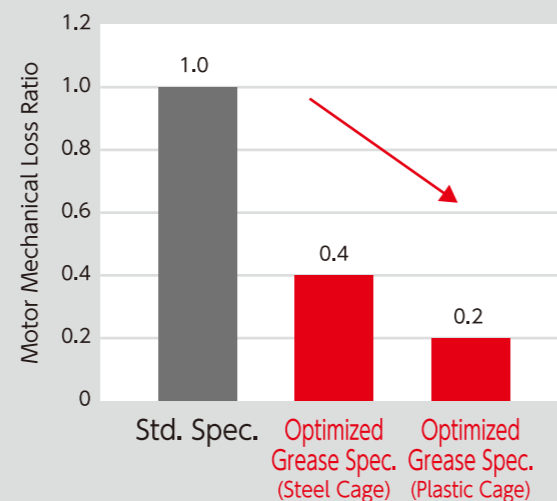
Using a plastic cage allows for even lower torque and longer life.

Features

Increases Motor Efficiency

Steel cages achieve 60% less mechanical loss than conventional products thanks to an optimized grease specification. For even less mechanical loss, using plastic cages achieve a huge 80% reduction.

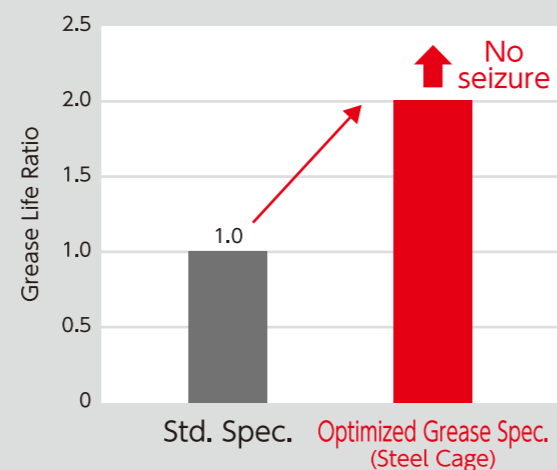
Motor: 7.5 kW 2P 200 V 50 Hz
Temperature: 25 °C



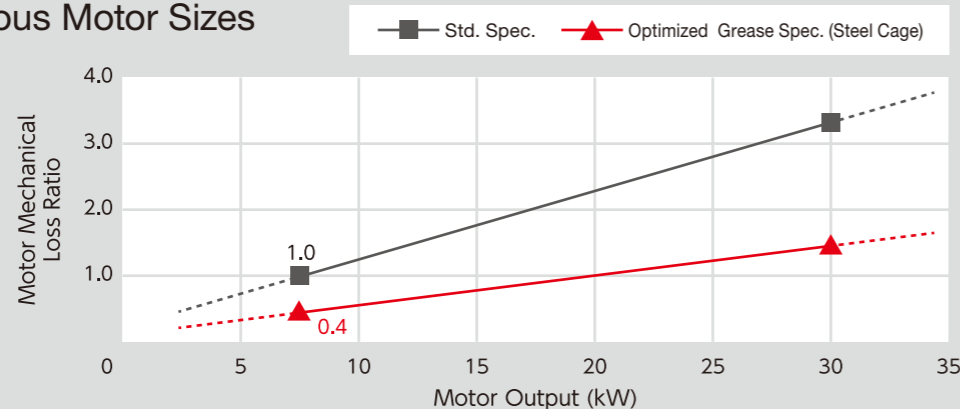
Longer Motor Maintenance Intervals

Using EA9 grease makes seizure life over 2 times longer, improving durability compared with conventional lithium grease.

Tested bearings: $\phi 25 \times \phi 62 \times 17$
Rotational speed: 10 000 min⁻¹
Temperature: 140 °C



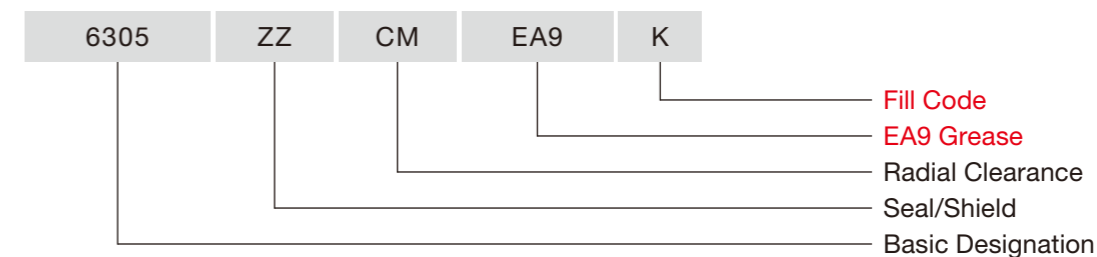
Effective for Various Motor Sizes



*Please contact NSK regarding bearings used in pumps and compressors.

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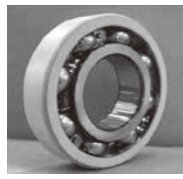
Example Bearing Designation



| Designation | Boundary Dimensions (mm) | | | Grease Fill Code |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------|------------------|
| | Bore Dia. | Outside Dia. | Width | |
| 6200 | 10 | 30 | 9 | K |
| 6300 | | 35 | 11 | K |
| 6201 | 12 | 32 | 10 | K |
| 6301 | | 37 | 12 | K |
| 6202 | 15 | 35 | 11 | K |
| 6302 | | 42 | 13 | K |
| 6203 | 17 | 40 | 12 | K |
| 6303 | | 47 | 14 | K |
| 6204 | 20 | 47 | 14 | K |
| 6304 | | 52 | 15 | K |
| 6205 | 25 | 52 | 15 | K |
| 6305 | | 62 | 17 | K |
| 6206 | 30 | 62 | 16 | K |
| 6306 | | 72 | 19 | K |
| 6207 | 35 | 72 | 17 | K |
| 6307 | | 80 | 21 | K |
| 6208 | 40 | 80 | 18 | K |
| 6308 | | 90 | 23 | K |

| Designation | Boundary Dimensions (mm) | | | Grease Fill Code |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------|------------------|
| | Bore Dia. | Outside Dia. | Width | |
| 6209 | 45 | 85 | 19 | L |
| 6309 | | 100 | 25 | L |
| 6210 | 50 | 90 | 20 | L |
| 6310 | | 110 | 27 | L |
| 6211 | 55 | 100 | 21 | L |
| 6311 | | 120 | 29 | L |
| 6212 | 60 | 110 | 22 | L |
| 6312 | | 130 | 31 | L |
| 6213 | 65 | 120 | 23 | L |
| 6313 | | 140 | 33 | L |
| 6214 | 70 | 125 | 24 | L |
| 6314 | | 150 | 35 | L |
| 6215 | 75 | 130 | 25 | L |
| 6315 | | 160 | 37 | L |
| 6216 | 80 | 140 | 26 | L |
| 6316 | | 170 | 39 | L |

*The filling code indicates how much grease should be applied into the bearing, in increasing quantity from K to L to S. For low torque specifications, K or L fills are recommended.



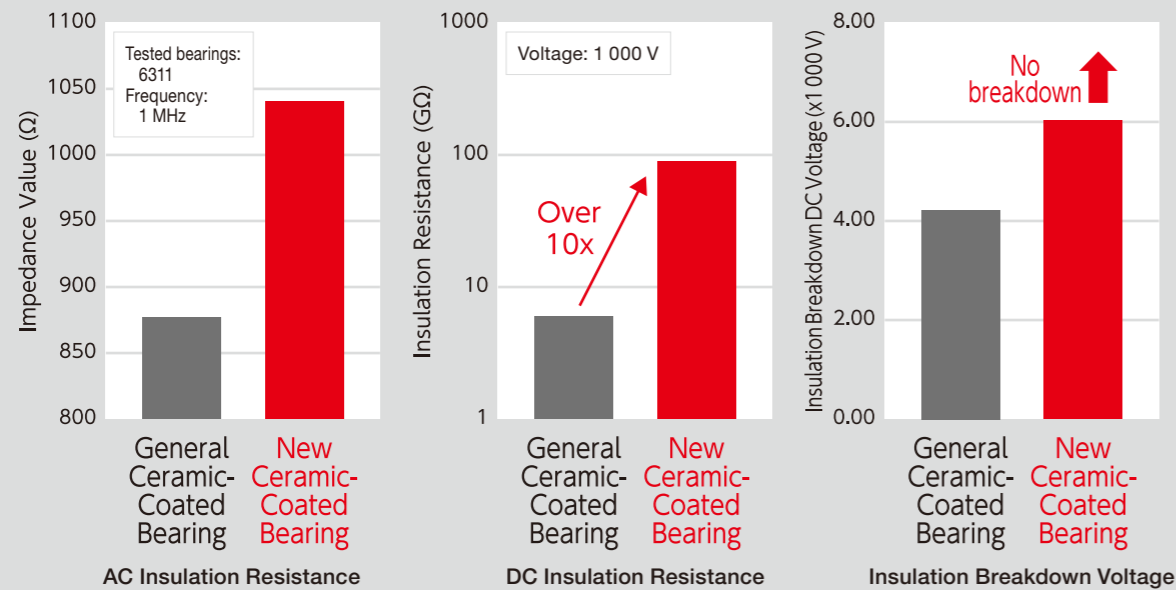
Ceramic-Coated Insulated Bearings for Inverter Motors

By coating the outer ring with insulating ceramic material, electric current cannot pass through the bearing and cause electrical erosion.

Features

A Solution to Electrical Erosion in Large Motors

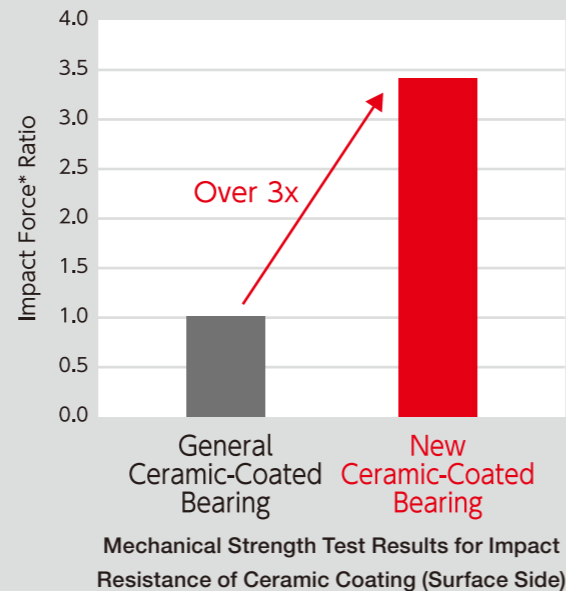
We've enhanced the ceramic coating to dramatically improve insulation performance over regular ceramic-coated bearings.



1

Easy to Handle and Mount

Optimized specifications make the impact resistance of our new ceramic-coated bearings over 3 times higher than conventional products.

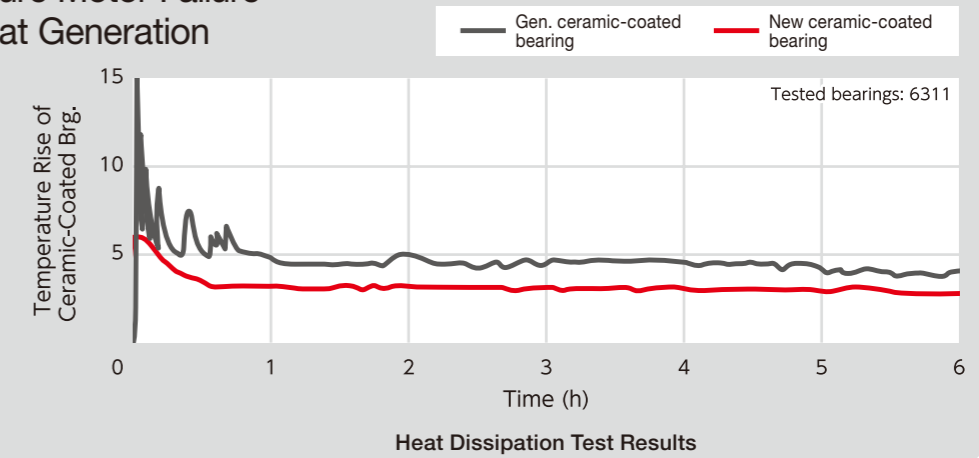


2

*Refers to force on the surface coating

Reduced Premature Motor Failure From Bearing Heat Generation

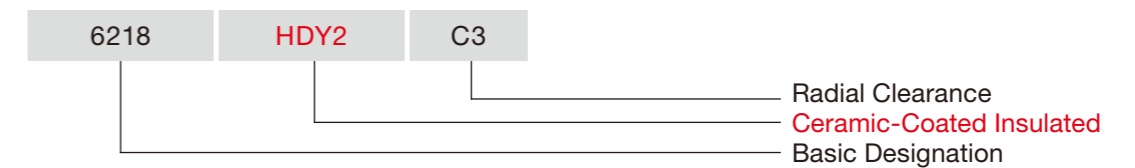
Our optimized ceramic coating more effectively dissipates heat.



3

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Example Bearing Designation



| Designation | Boundary Dimensions (mm) | | |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------|
| | Bore Dia. | Outside Dia. | Width |
| 6312 | 60 | 130 | 31 |
| 6313 | 65 | 140 | 33 |
| 6215 | 75 | 130 | 25 |
| 6315 | | 160 | 37 |
| 6216 | 80 | 140 | 26 |
| 6316 | | 170 | 39 |
| 6217 | 85 | 150 | 28 |
| 6317 | | 180 | 41 |

| Designation | Boundary Dimensions (mm) | | |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------|
| | Bore Dia. | Outside Dia. | Width |
| 6218 | 90 | 160 | 30 |
| 6318 | | 190 | 43 |
| 6219 | 95 | 170 | 32 |
| 6319 | | 200 | 45 |
| 6220 | 100 | 180 | 34 |
| 6320 | | 215 | 47 |
| 6322 | 110 | 240 | 50 |
| 6224 | 120 | 215 | 40 |
| 6226 | 130 | 230 | 40 |

• Listed bearings are offered as standard open bearings with C3 clearance.

• Please handle ceramic bearings with the same care as standard bearings.
 • Be sure to avoid strong impacts to the outer ring when mounting the bearing using methods involving a hammer or similar. Excessive impacts may cause breaking or cracking of the ceramic coating and/or scratches on the bearing raceway. Bearings cannot be used if damaged.



Electric Vehicle (EV) Motor Bearings

NSK bearings improve the high-speed rotation performance of EV motors by utilizing a plastic cage, specialized grease, and steel balls heat-treated to resist seizure.

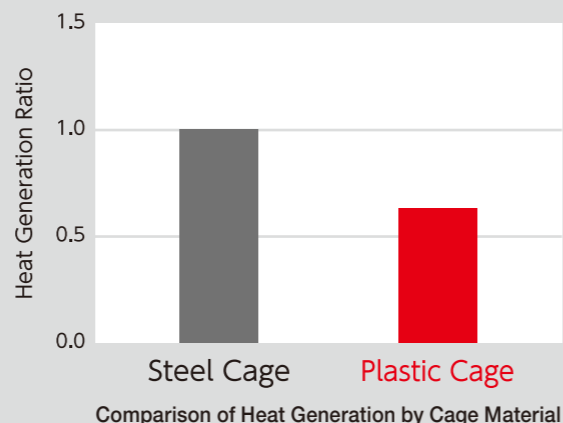
Features

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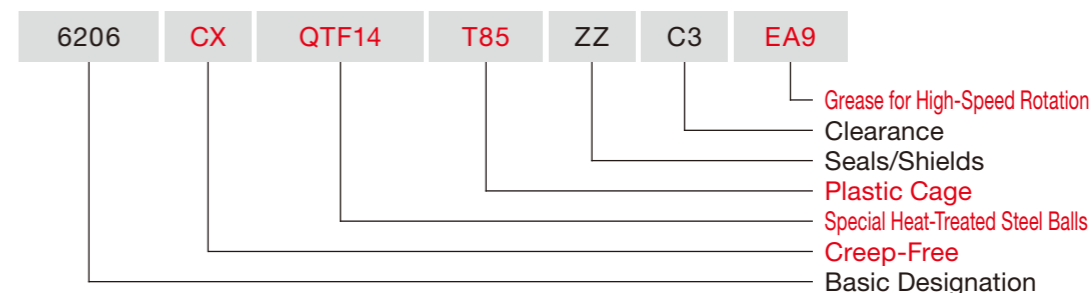
1 Plastic Cage for High-Speed Rotation

Today's applications cause bearings to face high temperature and speeds. In response, our plastic cages feature excellent heat resistance. We also examined cage strength through our proven analysis technologies to optimize the shape of the cage.

Tested bearings: $\phi 20 \times \phi 47 \times 14$
Rotational speed: 3 000 min⁻¹



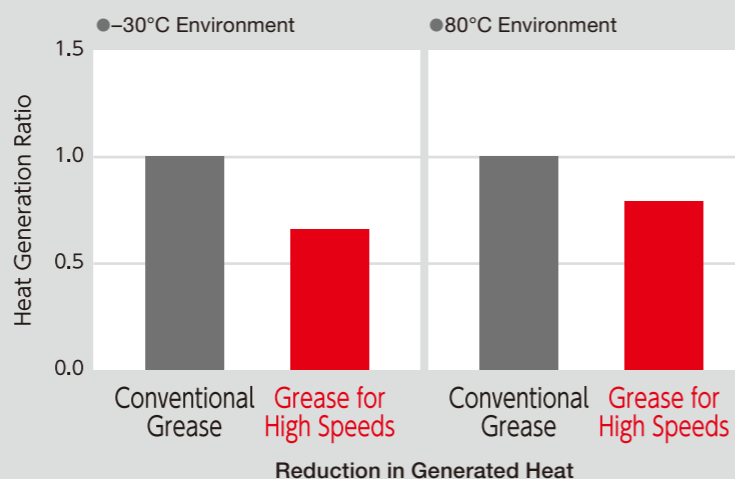
Example Bearing Designation



2 Grease for High-Speed Rotation

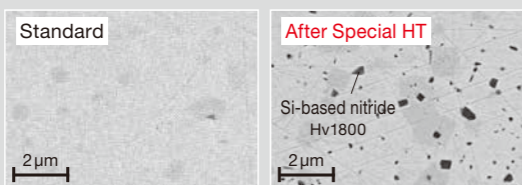
By matching the thickener to the grease, we reduced bearing heat generation across a wide temperature range.

Tested bearings: $\phi 35 \times \phi 62 \times 14$
Rotational speed: 3 000 min⁻¹



3 Seizure-Resistant Heat-Treated Steel Balls for High-Speed Rotation

Steel balls with a hard nitride formed on the surface improve seizure resistance.



| Designation | Boundary Dimensions (mm) | | | Limiting Speeds (min ⁻¹) | | Seizure-Resistant HT Ball Spec |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Bore Dia. | Outside Dia. | Width | n | n' (Seizure-Resistant HT Ball Spec.) | |
| 6005 | 25 | 47 | 12 | 19000 | 20000 | QTF14 |
| 6205 | | 52 | 15 | 16000 | 18000 | QTF14 |
| 6006 | 30 | 55 | 13 | 16000 | 18000 | QTF14 |
| 6206 | | 62 | 16 | 14000 | 15000 | QTF14 |
| 6007 | 35 | 62 | 14 | 14000 | 15000 | QTF14 |
| 6207 | | 72 | 17 | 12000 | 13000 | QTF14 |
| 6008 | 40 | 68 | 15 | 13000 | 14000 | QTF14 |
| 6208 | | 80 | 18 | 11000 | — | — |
| 6009 | 45 | 75 | 16 | 12000 | 13000 | QTF14 |
| 6209 | | 85 | 19 | 10000 | 11000 | QTF14 |
| 6010 | 50 | 80 | 16 | 11000 | 12000 | QTF14 |
| 6210 | | 90 | 20 | 9000 | 10000 | QTF14 |
| 6011 | 55 | 90 | 18 | 9500 | 10000 | QTF14 |

• Plastic cages for EV motors use T85 (Nylon 4,6).
• Please contact NSK for use under conditions that exceed the limiting speeds listed in the table.



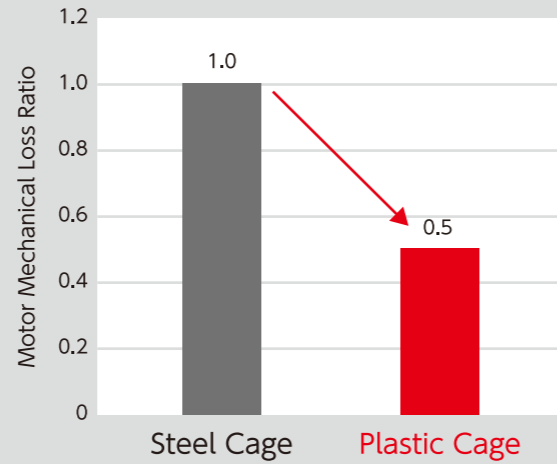
Bearings With Plastic Cages

Plastic cages are lighter than steel cages, have excellent self-lubricating properties, and have a low coefficient of friction. For this reason, they generate little heat and are excellent under high speed rotation. In addition, since they don't need as much grease, they effectively reduce bearing torque and contamination.

Features

Motor Energy Savings

Plastic cages reduce mechanical loss in motors by up to 50% compared to steel cages.



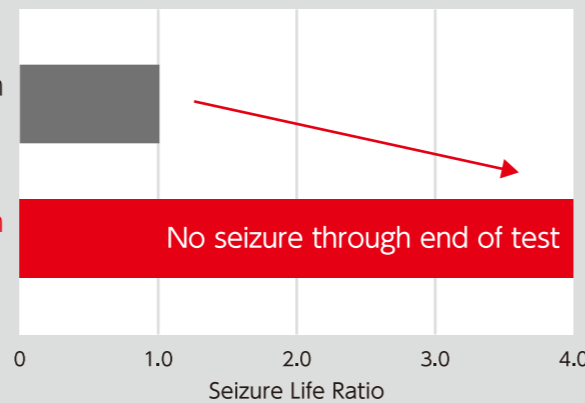
Motor: 5 kW 2P 200 V 50 Hz
Temperature: 25 °C

Longer Motor Maintenance Intervals

Plastic cages greatly extend bearing life under high-speed operating conditions.

Bearings With Steel Cages

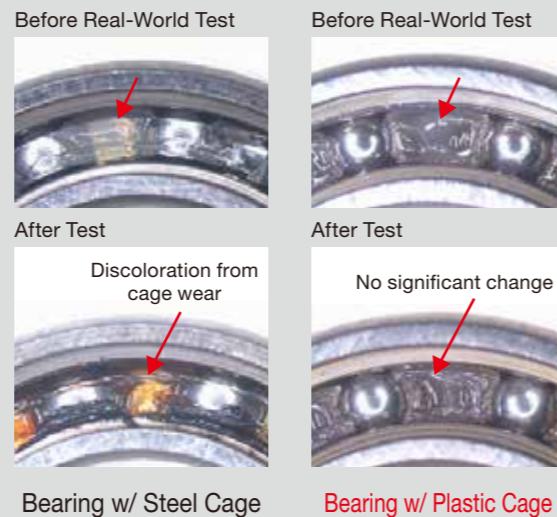
Bearings With Plastic Cages



Tested bearings: $\phi 35 \times \phi 15 \times 11$
Rotational Speed: 20 000 min⁻¹
Temperature: 120 °C

Usable in Magnetic Environments

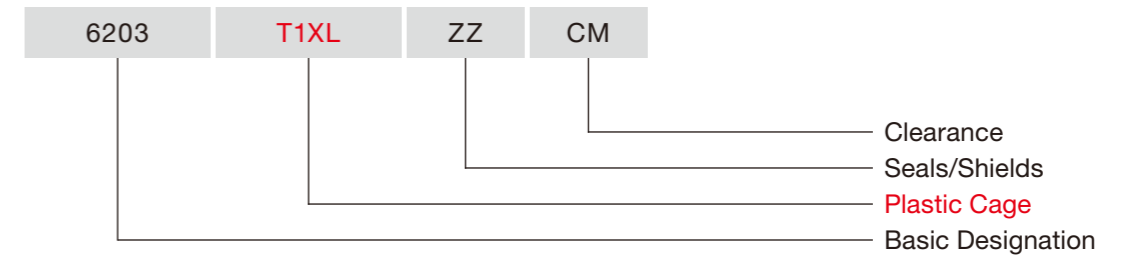
Steel cages are affected by magnetic forces, resulting in abnormal friction that shortens the seizure life. Plastic cages don't face this issue and can be used easily and with longer life in magnetic environments, such as with servomotors.



Tested bearings: $\phi 12 \times \phi 21 \times 5$
Inclination: 0.3 deg
Rotational speed: 1 800 min⁻¹
Preload: 20 N
Environment temperature: 40 °C
Test period: 2 weeks
Magnetic strength: 3 500 Gs

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Example Bearing Designation



| Designation | Plastic Cage | Boundary Dimensions (mm) | | | |
|-------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------|----|
| | | Bore Dia. | Outside Dia. | Width | |
| 6000 | T1X | 10 | 26 | 8 | |
| 6200 | T1XL | | 30 | 9 | |
| 6001 | T1XL | 12 | 28 | 8 | |
| 6201 | T1XL | | 32 | 10 | |
| 6301 | T1X | | 37 | 12 | |
| 6002 | T1XL | 15 | 32 | 9 | |
| 6202 | T1XL | | 35 | 11 | |
| 6302 | T1X | | 42 | 13 | |
| 6003 | T1XL | | 17 | 35 | 10 |
| 6203 | T1XL | 40 | | 12 | |
| 6303 | T1X | 47 | | 14 | |
| 6004 | T1X | 20 | | 42 | 12 |
| 6204 | T1XL | | | 47 | 14 |
| 6304 | T1XL | | 52 | 15 | |
| 6005 | T1XL | 25 | 47 | 12 | |
| 6205 | T1XL | | 52 | 15 | |
| 6305 | T1X | 30 | 62 | 17 | |
| 6006 | T1X | | 55 | 13 | |
| 6206 | T1X | | 62 | 16 | |
| 6306 | T1X | | 72 | 19 | |
| 6007 | T1X | 35 | 62 | 14 | |
| 6207 | T1X | | 72 | 17 | |
| 6307 | T1X | | 80 | 21 | |
| 6008 | T1X | 40 | 68 | 15 | |
| 6208 | T1XA | | 80 | 18 | |
| 6308 | T1XA | | 90 | 23 | |

• Plastic cages for industrial motors use T1X, T1XL, and T1XA (Nylon 6,6).
• The maximum operating temperature of polyamide cages is normally 120 °C or less.



Ceramic Ball Bearings

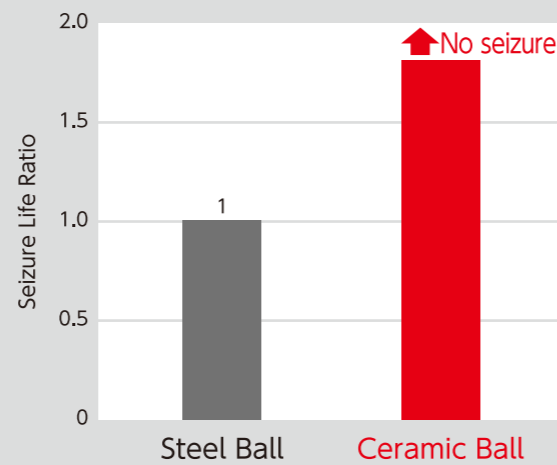
Lightweight ceramic materials have excellent insulation, heat resistance, durability, and low thermal expansion. Using ceramic balls extends seizure life dramatically and prevents electric current from passing through the bearing, stopping electric erosion.

Features

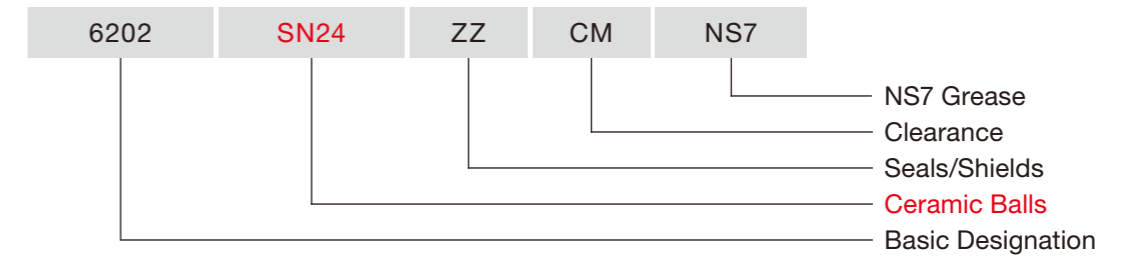
"Maintenance-Free" Motors

Compared to steel ball bearings, ceramic ball bearings have a significantly longer seizure life.

Tested bearings: $\phi 8 \times \phi 22 \times 7$
 Lubrication: Light oil 10 mg
 Rotational speed: 1 800 min⁻¹
 Temperature: 100 °C



Example Bearing Designation

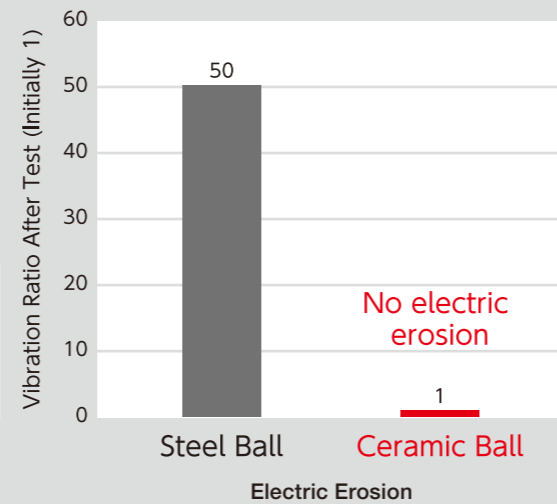


No Electric Erosion

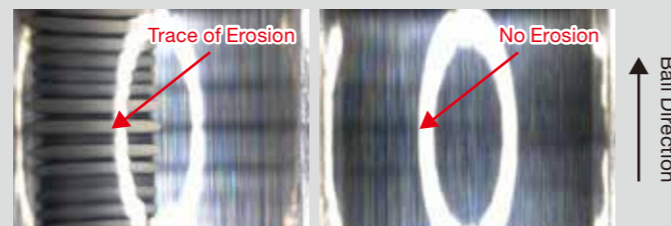
By insulating the rolling elements, electric currents can not pass through the bearing, preventing electric erosion.

● Electric Erosion Reproduction Test

Tested Bearings: $\phi 8 \times \phi 22 \times 7$
 with grease lubrication
 Rotational Speed: 1 500 min⁻¹
 Applied voltage: Steel ball 3 V
 Ceramic ball 50 V



● Race Surface After Test



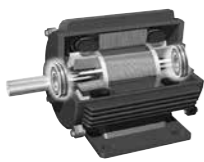
| Designation | Boundary Dimensions (mm) | | |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------|
| | Bore Dia. | Outside Dia. | Width |
| 608 | 8 | 22 | 7 |
| 6000 | 10 | 26 | 8 |
| 6200 | | 30 | 9 |
| 6001 | 12 | 28 | 8 |
| 6201 | | 32 | 10 |
| 6002 | 15 | 32 | 9 |
| 6202 | | 35 | 11 |
| 6302 | | 42 | 13 |
| 6003 | 17 | 35 | 10 |
| 6203 | | 40 | 12 |
| 6004 | 20 | 42 | 12 |
| 6204 | | 47 | 14 |
| 6205 | 25 | 52 | 15 |
| 6305 | | 62 | 17 |

| Designation | Boundary Dimensions (mm) | | |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------|
| | Bore Dia. | Outside Dia. | Width |
| 6206 | 30 | 62 | 16 |
| 6306 | | 72 | 19 |
| 6207 | 35 | 72 | 17 |
| 6307 | | 80 | 21 |
| 6208 | 40 | 80 | 18 |
| 6308 | | 90 | 23 |
| 6209 | 45 | 85 | 19 |
| 6309 | | 100 | 25 |
| 6010 | 50 | 80 | 16 |
| 6310 | | 110 | 27 |
| 6211 | 55 | 100 | 21 |
| 6311 | | 120 | 29 |
| 6012 | 60 | 95 | 18 |
| 6214 | 70 | 125 | 24 |

DATA

1

2



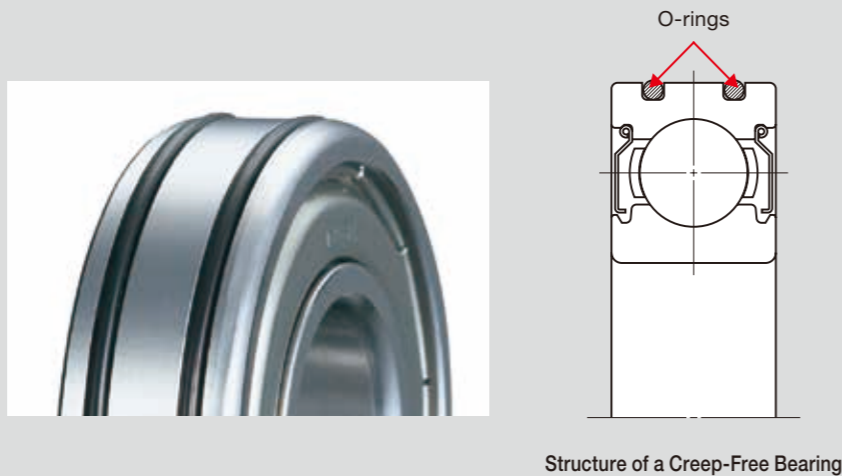
Creep-Free Bearings

Creep may occur in EV motors used under high speed or in large motors with large unbalanced loads. NSK's Creep-Free Bearings dramatically reduce the occurrence of creep by restricting the amount of clearance between the outer ring and housing. Since boundary dimensions are identical to standard bearings, the housing does not need to be reworked when replacing the bearings, and assembly is easy.

Features

Special Structure to Prevent Creep

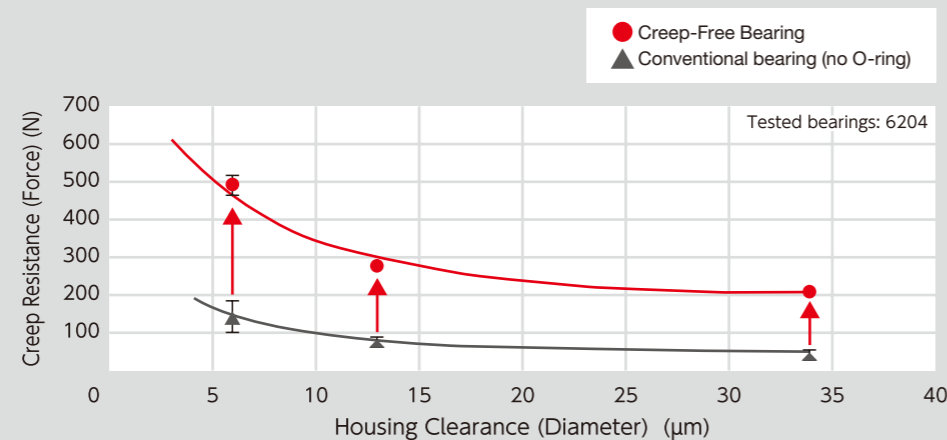
Creep-Free Bearings come with two O-rings mounted in the outer ring and help prevent creep by restricting the amount of clearance between the outer ring and housing. No special machining is required; bearings can be used with the same housing as standard bearings.



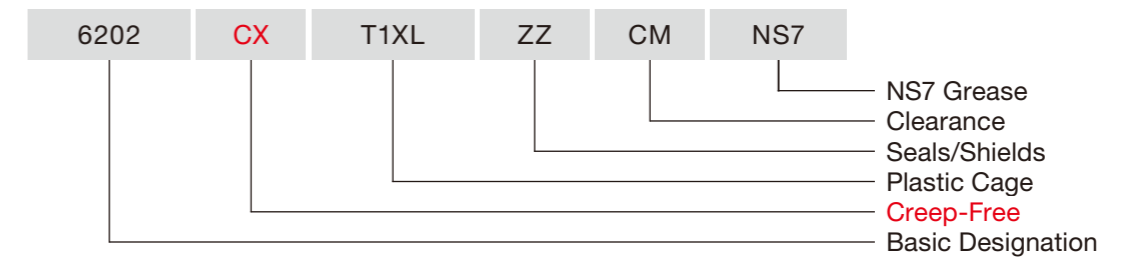
Structure of a Creep-Free Bearing

Usable Under High Speeds and Unbalanced Loads

In creep limit load tests, the more the housing clearance is reduced, the more creep can be prevented. Creep-Free Bearings are up to four times more resistant to creep than conventional bearings.



Example Bearing Designation



| Designation | Boundary Dimensions (mm) | | |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------|
| | Bore Dia. | Outside Dia. | Width |
| 6000 | 10 | 26 | 8 |
| 6200 | | 30 | 9 |
| 6300 | | 35 | 11 |
| 6001 | 12 | 28 | 8 |
| 6201 | | 32 | 10 |
| 6301 | | 37 | 12 |
| 6002 | 15 | 32 | 9 |
| 6202 | | 35 | 11 |
| 6302 | | 42 | 13 |
| 6003 | 17 | 35 | 10 |
| 6203 | | 40 | 12 |
| 6303 | | 47 | 14 |
| 6004 | 20 | 42 | 12 |
| 6204 | | 47 | 14 |
| 6304 | | 52 | 15 |
| 6005 | 25 | 47 | 12 |
| 6205 | | 52 | 15 |
| 6305 | | 62 | 17 |
| 6006 | 30 | 55 | 13 |
| 6206 | | 62 | 16 |
| 6306 | | 72 | 19 |
| 6007 | 35 | 62 | 14 |
| 6207 | | 72 | 17 |
| 6307 | | 80 | 21 |
| 6008 | 40 | 68 | 15 |
| 6208 | | 80 | 18 |
| 6308 | | 90 | 23 |

| Designation | Boundary Dimensions (mm) | | | |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------|----|
| | Bore Dia. | Outside Dia. | Width | |
| 6009 | 45 | 75 | 16 | |
| 6209 | | 85 | 19 | |
| 6309 | | 100 | 25 | |
| 6010 | 50 | 80 | 16 | |
| 6210 | | 90 | 20 | |
| 6310 | | 110 | 27 | |
| 6011 | 55 | 90 | 18 | |
| 6211 | | 100 | 21 | |
| 6311 | | 120 | 29 | |
| 6012 | 60 | 95 | 18 | |
| 6212 | | 110 | 22 | |
| 6312 | | 130 | 31 | |
| 6013 | 65 | 100 | 18 | |
| 6213 | | 120 | 23 | |
| 6313 | | 140 | 33 | |
| 6014 | 70 | 110 | 20 | |
| 6214 | | 125 | 24 | |
| 6314 | | 150 | 35 | |
| 6015 | 75 | 115 | 20 | |
| 6215 | | 130 | 25 | |
| 6016 | | 80 | 125 | 22 |
| 6216 | 140 | | 26 | |
| 6017 | 85 | | 130 | 22 |
| 6217 | | 150 | 28 | |
| 6018 | | 90 | 140 | 24 |
| 6019 | 95 | | 145 | 24 |
| 6020 | | | 150 | 24 |

• If oil or grease is applied to the outside surface of the bearing, use a mineral oil or a synthetic hydrocarbon oil (such as NSK EA2).
 • The O-rings are made of nitrile rubber (operating temperature range: -30 to 120 °C) as standard. Please contact NSK for use under special environments, such as at high temperatures.

DATA

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NSKHPS High-Performance Standard Series Deep Groove Ball Bearings

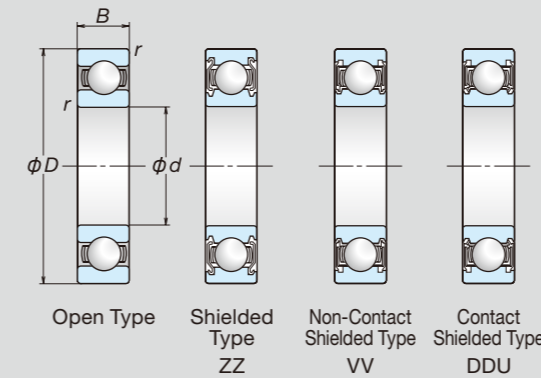
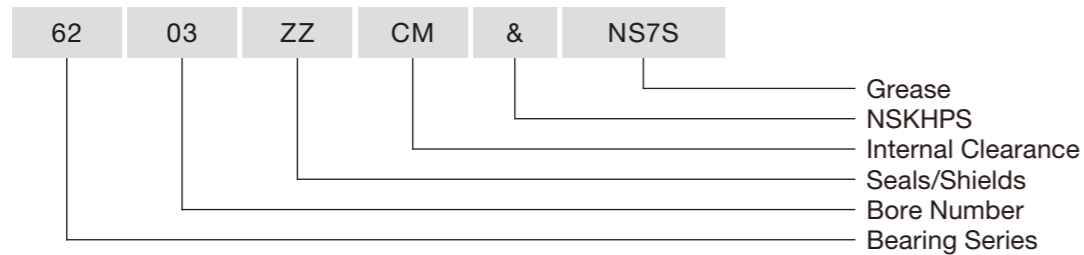
-For High Efficiency Motors & General Purpose Motors

As motors become smaller and lighter, bearings must also become more compact, reliable, and capable of carrying heavy loads. NSK responds to these trends with NSKHPS: our new standard line of high-performance bearings. Compared to conventional bearings, NSKHPS Series deep groove ball bearings have 15% longer life and 15% higher limiting speed.

Our current NSKHPS Series has an extensive lineup based on the most commonly used bearing series.

DATA

Example Bearing Designation



Dynamic Equivalent Load $P = XF_r + YF_a$

| $\frac{f_0 F_a}{C_{0r}}$ | e | $\frac{F_a}{F_r} \leq e$ | | $\frac{F_a}{F_r} > e$ | |
|--------------------------|------|--------------------------|---|-----------------------|------|
| | | X | Y | X | Y |
| 0.172 | 0.19 | 1 | 0 | 0.56 | 2.30 |
| 0.345 | 0.22 | 1 | 0 | 0.56 | 1.99 |
| 0.689 | 0.26 | 1 | 0 | 0.56 | 1.71 |
| 1.03 | 0.28 | 1 | 0 | 0.56 | 1.55 |
| 1.38 | 0.30 | 1 | 0 | 0.56 | 1.45 |
| 2.07 | 0.34 | 1 | 0 | 0.56 | 1.31 |
| 3.45 | 0.38 | 1 | 0 | 0.56 | 1.15 |
| 5.17 | 0.42 | 1 | 0 | 0.56 | 1.04 |
| 6.89 | 0.44 | 1 | 0 | 0.56 | 1.00 |

Static Equivalent Load $P_0 = 0.6 F_r + 0.5 F_a$
When $F_r > 0.6 F_r + 0.5 F_a$, use $P_0 = F_r$.

| Designation | | | | Boundary Dimensions (mm) | | | | Basic Load Ratings (kN) | | Factor f_0 | Limiting Speeds (min ⁻¹) | | | |
|-------------|----------|--------|--------|--------------------------|----|-----|----------|-------------------------|----------|--------------|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | Grease | | Oil | |
| Open | Shielded | Sealed | NSKHPS | d | D | B | r (min.) | C_r | C_{0r} | | ZZ VV | DDU | Open | |
| 6200 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 10 | 30 | 9 | 0.6 | 5 350 | 2 390 | 13.2 | 28 000 | 18 000 | 34 000 |
| 6300 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 35 | 11 | 0.6 | 8 500 | 3 450 | 11.2 | 26 000 | 17 000 | 30 000 |
| 6001 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 12 | 28 | 8 | 0.3 | 5 350 | 2 370 | 13.0 | 32 000 | 18 000 | 38 000 |
| 6201 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 32 | 10 | 0.6 | 7 150 | 3 050 | 12.3 | 26 000 | 17 000 | 32 000 |
| 6301 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 15 | 37 | 12 | 1.0 | 10 200 | 4 200 | 11.1 | 24 000 | 16 000 | 28 000 |
| 6002 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 32 | 9 | 0.3 | 5 850 | 2 830 | 13.9 | 26 000 | 15 000 | 32 000 |
| 6202 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 17 | 35 | 11 | 0.6 | 8 000 | 3 750 | 13.2 | 22 000 | 14 000 | 28 000 |
| 6302 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 42 | 13 | 1.0 | 12 000 | 5 450 | 12.3 | 19 000 | 13 000 | 24 000 |
| 6003 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 20 | 35 | 10 | 0.3 | 6 300 | 3 250 | 14.4 | 24 000 | 13 000 | 28 000 |
| 6203 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 40 | 12 | 0.6 | 10 100 | 4 800 | 13.2 | 20 000 | 12 000 | 24 000 |
| 6303 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 25 | 47 | 14 | 1.0 | 14 300 | 6 650 | 12.4 | 17 000 | 11 000 | 20 000 |
| 6004 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 42 | 12 | 0.6 | 9 850 | 5 000 | 13.8 | 20 000 | 11 000 | 24 000 |
| 6204 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 30 | 47 | 14 | 1.0 | 13 400 | 6 600 | 13.1 | 17 000 | 11 000 | 20 000 |
| 6304 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 52 | 15 | 1.1 | 16 700 | 7 900 | 12.4 | 16 000 | 10 000 | 19 000 |
| 6005 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 35 | 47 | 12 | 0.6 | 10 600 | 5 850 | 14.5 | 18 000 | 9 500 | 22 000 |
| 6205 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 52 | 15 | 1.0 | 14 700 | 7 850 | 13.9 | 15 000 | 9 000 | 18 000 |
| 6305 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 40 | 62 | 17 | 1.1 | 21 600 | 11 200 | 13.2 | 13 000 | 8 000 | 16 000 |
| 6006 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 55 | 13 | 1.0 | 13 900 | 8 300 | 14.7 | 15 000 | 8 000 | 18 000 |
| 6206 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 45 | 62 | 16 | 1.0 | 20 400 | 11 300 | 13.8 | 12 000 | 7 500 | 15 000 |
| 6306 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 72 | 19 | 1.1 | 28 000 | 15 000 | 13.3 | 11 000 | 6 700 | 13 000 |
| 6007 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 50 | 62 | 14 | 1.0 | 16 800 | 10 300 | 14.8 | 13 000 | 6 700 | 15 000 |
| 6207 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 72 | 17 | 1.1 | 27 000 | 15 300 | 13.8 | 11 000 | 6 300 | 13 000 |
| 6307 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 55 | 80 | 21 | 1.5 | 35 000 | 19 200 | 13.2 | 10 000 | 6 000 | 12 000 |
| 6008 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 68 | 15 | 1.0 | 17 600 | 11 500 | 15.3 | 12 000 | 6 000 | 14 000 |
| 6208 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 60 | 80 | 18 | 1.1 | 30 500 | 17 900 | 14.0 | 9 500 | 5 600 | 12 000 |
| 6308 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 90 | 23 | 1.5 | 43 000 | 24 000 | 13.2 | 9 000 | 5 300 | 11 000 |
| 6009 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 65 | 75 | 16 | 1.0 | 22 000 | 15 200 | 15.3 | 10 000 | 5 300 | 12 000 |
| 6209 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 85 | 19 | 1.1 | 33 000 | 20 400 | 14.4 | 9 000 | 5 300 | 11 000 |
| 6309 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 70 | 100 | 25 | 1.5 | 55 500 | 32 000 | 13.1 | 7 500 | 4 800 | 9 500 |
| 6010 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 80 | 16 | 1.0 | 22 900 | 16 600 | 15.6 | 9 500 | 4 800 | 11 000 |
| 6210 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 75 | 90 | 20 | 1.1 | 37 000 | 23 200 | 14.4 | 8 000 | 4 800 | 10 000 |
| 6310 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 110 | 27 | 2.0 | 65 000 | 38 500 | 13.2 | 7 100 | 4 300 | 8 500 |

| | | |
|--------------|--------------------|--|
| 62 | Bearing Series | 60, 62, 63: Single-Row Deep Groove Ball Bearings |
| 03 | Bore Number | Bore number indicates bore diameter. 00:10mm; 01:12mm; 02:15mm; 03:17mm 04 or Larger: Bore Number × 5 (mm) |
| ZZ | Seals/Shields | ZZ: Shield on Both Side DDU: Contact Rubber Seal on Both Side VV: Non-Contact Rubber Sealed on Both Side |
| CM | Internal Clearance | Omitted: CN Clearance* C3: Clearance Greater than CN C4: Clearance Greater than C3 CM: For Electric Motors* |
| & | NSKHPS | &: NSKHPS Bearings |
| NS7S | Grease | NS7: NS Hi-Lube |

*CM clearance can be used instead of CN clearance (the opposite is not possible).

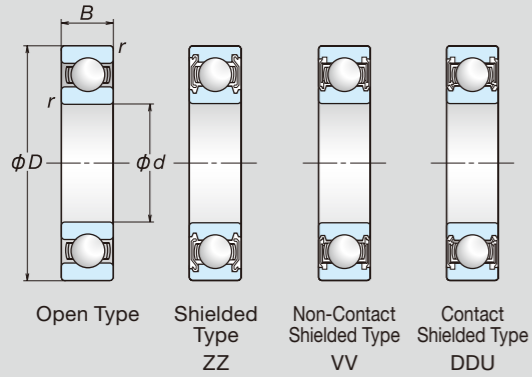
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NSKHPS High-Performance Standard Series Cylindrical Roller Bearings -For General Purpose Motors

As motors become smaller and lighter, bearings must also become more compact, reliable, and capable of carrying heavy loads. NSK responds to these trends with NSKHPS: our new standard line of high-performance bearings. Compared to conventional bearings, the NSKHPS Series of cylindrical roller bearings has up to 60% longer life. Our current NSKHPS Series has an extensive lineup based on the most commonly used bearing series.

DATA



Dynamic Equivalent Load $P = XF_r + YF_a$

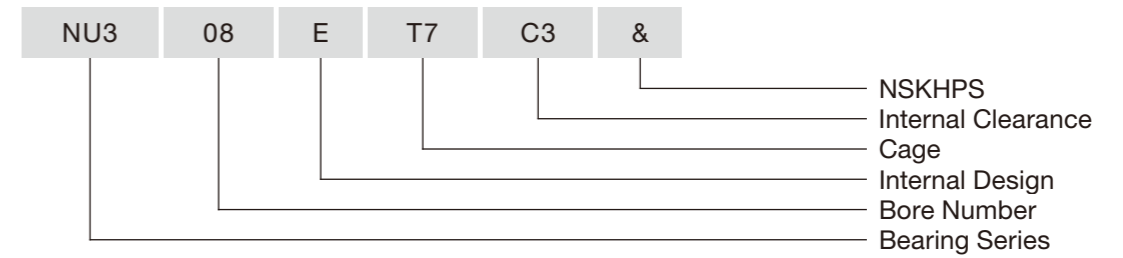
| $\frac{f_0 F_a}{C_{0r}}$ | e | $\frac{F_a}{F_r} \leq e$ | | $\frac{F_a}{F_r} > e$ | |
|--------------------------|------|--------------------------|---|-----------------------|------|
| | | X | Y | X | Y |
| 0.172 | 0.19 | 1 | 0 | 0.56 | 2.30 |
| 0.345 | 0.22 | 1 | 0 | 0.56 | 1.99 |
| 0.689 | 0.26 | 1 | 0 | 0.56 | 1.71 |
| 1.03 | 0.28 | 1 | 0 | 0.56 | 1.55 |
| 1.38 | 0.30 | 1 | 0 | 0.56 | 1.45 |
| 2.07 | 0.34 | 1 | 0 | 0.56 | 1.31 |
| 3.45 | 0.38 | 1 | 0 | 0.56 | 1.15 |
| 5.17 | 0.42 | 1 | 0 | 0.56 | 1.04 |
| 6.89 | 0.44 | 1 | 0 | 0.56 | 1.00 |

Static Equivalent Load $P_0 = 0.6 F_r + 0.5 F_a$
When $F_r > 0.6 F_r + 0.5 F_a$, use $P_0 = F_r$.

| Designation | | | | Boundary Dimensions (mm) | | | | Basic Load Ratings (kN) | | Factor f_0 | Limiting Speeds (min ⁻¹) | | | | |
|-------------|----------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-----|-----|----------|-------------------------|----------|--------------|--------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|-------|
| Open | Shielded | Sealed | NSKHPS | d | D | B | r (min.) | C_r | C_{0r} | | Grease | Oil | Oil | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Open | Open | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | ZZ | DDU | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | VV | | | | |
| 6011 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 90 | 18 | 1.1 | 29 700 | 21 200 | 15.3 | 8 500 | 4 500 | 10 000 | | |
| 6211 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 55 | 100 | 21 | 1.5 | 45 500 | 29 300 | 14.3 | 7 500 | 4 300 | 9 000 | |
| 6311 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 120 | 29 | 2.0 | 75 000 | 44 500 | 13.1 | 6 700 | 4 000 | 8 000 | |
| 6012 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 95 | 18 | 1.1 | 31 000 | 23 200 | 15.6 | 8 000 | 4 000 | 9 500 | |
| 6212 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 60 | 110 | 22 | 1.5 | 55 000 | 36 000 | 14.3 | 6 700 | 3 800 | 8 000 | |
| 6312 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 130 | 31 | 2.1 | 86 000 | 52 000 | 13.1 | 6 000 | 3 600 | 7 100 | |
| 6013 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 100 | 18 | 1.1 | 32 000 | 25 200 | 15.8 | 7 500 | 4 000 | 9 000 | |
| 6213 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 65 | 120 | 23 | 1.5 | 60 000 | 40 000 | 14.4 | 6 300 | 3 600 | 7 500 | |
| 6313 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 140 | 33 | 2.1 | 97 500 | 60 000 | 13.2 | 5 600 | 3 400 | 6 700 | |
| 6014 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 110 | 20 | 1.1 | 40 000 | 31 000 | 15.6 | 7 100 | 3 600 | 8 500 | |
| 6214 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 70 | 125 | 24 | 1.5 | 65 500 | 44 000 | 14.5 | 6 000 | 3 400 | 7 100 | |
| 6314 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 150 | 35 | 2.1 | 109 000 | 68 000 | 13.2 | 5 300 | 3 200 | 6 300 | |
| 6015 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 115 | 20 | 1.1 | 41 500 | 33 500 | 15.8 | 6 700 | 3 400 | 8 000 | |
| 6215 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 75 | 130 | 25 | 1.5 | 69 500 | 49 500 | 14.7 | 5 600 | 3 200 | 6 700 | |
| 6315 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 160 | 37 | 2.1 | 119 000 | 77 000 | 13.2 | 4 800 | 2 800 | 6 000 | |
| 6016 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 125 | 22 | 1.1 | 50 000 | 40 000 | 15.6 | 6 300 | 3 200 | 7 100 | |
| 6216 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 80 | 140 | 26 | 2.0 | 76 500 | 53 000 | 14.6 | 5 300 | 3 000 | 6 300 | |
| 6316 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 170 | 39 | 2.1 | 129 000 | 86 500 | 13.3 | 4 500 | 2 800 | 5 600 | |
| 6017 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 130 | 22 | 1.1 | 52 000 | 43 000 | 15.8 | 6 000 | 3 000 | 7 100 | |
| 6217 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 85 | 150 | 28 | 2.0 | 88 000 | 62 000 | 14.5 | 4 800 | 2 800 | 6 000 | |
| 6317 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 180 | 41 | 3.0 | 139 000 | 97 000 | 13.3 | 4 300 | 2 600 | 5 000 | |
| 6018 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 140 | 24 | 1.5 | 61 000 | 50 000 | 15.6 | 5 600 | 2 800 | 6 300 | |
| 6218 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 90 | 160 | 30 | 2.0 | 101 000 | 71 500 | 14.5 | 4 500 | 2 600 | 5 600 | |
| 6318 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 190 | 43 | 3.0 | 150 000 | 107 000 | 13.3 | 4 000 | 2 400 | 4 800 | |
| 6019 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 145 | 24 | 1.5 | 63 500 | 54 000 | 15.8 | 5 300 | 2 600 | 6 000 | |
| 6219 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 95 | 170 | 32 | 2.1 | 114 000 | 82 000 | 14.4 | 4 300 | 2 600 | 5 000 | |
| 6319 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 200 | 45 | 3.0 | 160 000 | 119 000 | 13.3 | 3 400 | 2 400 | 4 300 | |
| 6020 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 150 | 24 | 1.5 | 63 000 | 54 000 | 15.9 | 5 000 | 2 600 | 6 000 | |
| 6220 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 100 | 180 | 34 | 2.1 | 128 000 | 93 000 | 14.4 | 4 000 | 2 400 | 4 800 | |
| 6021 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 160 | 26 | 2.0 | 76 000 | 66 000 | 15.8 | 4 500 | 2 400 | 5 600 | |
| 6221 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 105 | 190 | 36 | 2.1 | 140 000 | 105 000 | 14.4 | 3 800 | 2 200 | 4 500 | |
| 6022 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | | 110 | 170 | 28 | 2.0 | 89 000 | 73 000 | 15.5 | 4 500 | 2 200 | 5 300 |
| 6024 | ZZ | VV | DDU | & | 120 | 180 | 28 | 2.0 | 92 500 | 80 000 | 15.7 | 4 000 | 2 200 | 4 800 | |

DATA

Example Bearing Designation



| | | |
|--------------|--------------------|--|
| NU3 | Bearing Series | NU2, NU22, NU3, NU23 NJ2, NJ22, NJ3, NJ23 : Cylindrical Roller Bearings NUP2, NUP22, NUP3, NUP23 |
| 08 | Bore Number | Bore number indicates bore diameter. Bore Number × 5 (mm) |
| E | Internal Design | E: High Load Capacity |
| T7 | Cage | W: Pressed-Steel Cage M: Machined-Brass Cage T: Polyamide-Resin Cage T7: L-PPS Resin Cage |
| C3 | Internal Clearance | Omitted: CN Clearance C3: Clearance Greater than CN C4: Clearance Greater than C3 |
| & | NSKHPS | &: NSKHPS Bearings |

Technical Data

1. Bearing Sound and Vibration

Diagnosis with Sound and Vibration

Classification of sounds and vibrations

Sounds and vibrations accompany the rotation of rolling bearings. The tone and amplitude of such sounds and vibrations vary depending on the type of bearing, mounting conditions, operational conditions, etc. The sounds and vibrations of a rolling bearing can be classified under the following four chief categories and each category can be further classified into several subcategories, as described in Table 1 below. However, boundaries between groups are not definite. Even if some types of sounds or vibrations are inherent in the bearings, the volume might be related to the manufacturing

process. Conversely, some types of sounds or vibrations, even if caused by manufacturing, cannot be eliminated under normal conditions. By recording the sounds and vibrations of a rotating machine and analyzing them, the cause may be inferred. As shown by the figures on the next page, a mechanically normal bearing shows a stable waveform. However, a bearing with damage such as a scratch shows a waveform with wide swings indicating large-amplitude sounds at regular intervals (refer to Figs.1 and 2).

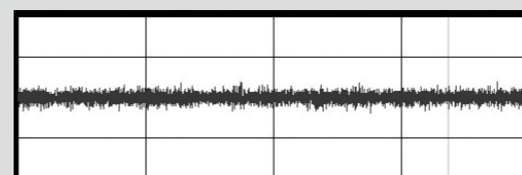


Fig. 1 Sound waveform of a normal bearing

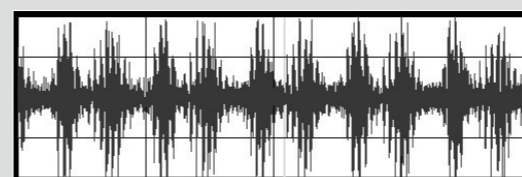
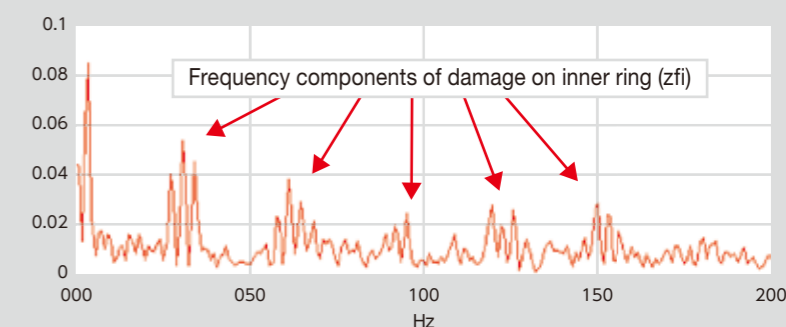


Fig. 2 Sound waveform of a scratched bearing

When the inner ring raceway surface is damaged

Bore diameter: 100 mm
Recording and analysis method: Envelope analysis sounds recorded by microphone for a test machine
Number of rotations: 50 min⁻¹



Example of analysis result

Table 1 Classification of Sounds and Vibrations in a Rolling Bearing

| | Sound Type | Vibration | Features | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| | | | Radial (Angular) Direction | Axial Direction | |
| Structural | Race noise | Free vibration of raceway ring | Continuous noise: basic unavoidable noise that all bearings generate | | |
| | Roller/ball click noise | Free vibration of raceway ring, free vibration of cage | Regular noise at a certain interval: found in large bearings and horizontal shafts, radial loads and low rpm | | |
| | Squeal noise | Free vibration of raceway ring | Intermittent or continuous: generally found in large cylindrical roller bearings and under radial load, grease lubrication, and particular speeds | | |
| | Cage noise | “CK” sound | Free vibration of cage | Regular noise at a set interval: generated by all bearing types | |
| | | “CG” sound | Vibration of cage | Intermittent or continuous: lubrication with certain greases | |
| | | Tapping sound | Free vibration of cage | Set interval: slightly irregular under radial load and during initial stage | |
| | Rumbling | Vibration from passage of rolling element | Continuous: found in all bearing types under radial load | | |
| Manufacturing | Chatter noise | Vibration due to waviness | Inner ring | Continuous noise | |
| | | | Outer ring | | |
| | | | Rolling element | Continuous with rollers, occasional with balls | |
| Handling | Flaw noise | Vibration due to flaw | Inner ring | Regular noise at a set interval | |
| | | | Outer ring | | |
| | | | Rolling element | | |
| Contamination noise | Vibration due to contamination | Irregular | | | |
| Other | Seal noise | Free vibration of a seal | Contact seal | | |
| | Lubricant noise | — | Irregular | | |
| | Rumbling | Runout | f_r | Continuous | |
| | | | f_c | Continuous | |
| $f_r - 2f_c$ | | | Continuous | | |

n : Positive integer (1, 2, 3...)
 f_{MI} : Natural frequency in the mode of angular vibration in inertia of outer ring-spring system (Hz)
 f_r : Rotation frequency of inner ring (Hz)
 Z : Number of rolling elements
 f_{RIN} : Natural frequency of ring in radial bending mode (Hz)
 f_c : Orbital revolution frequency of rolling elements (Hz)

| Generated Frequency (Frequency Analysis) | | | Source | Countermeasures |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| FFT of Original Wave | | FFT After Envelope (Basic No.) | | |
| Radial (Angular) Direction | Axial Direction | (Basic No.) | | |
| f_{RIN}, f_{MI} | f_{AIN}, f_{AM} | — | Selective resonance from waviness (rolling friction) | Improve rigidity around bearings, provide appropriate radial clearance, use high-viscosity lubricant and high-quality bearings |
| f_{RIN}, f_{MI} | f_{AIN}, f_{AM} | Zf_c | Collision of rolling elements with inner ring or cage | Reduce radial clearance, apply preload, use high-viscosity oil |
| $(\approx f_{R2N}, f_{R3N})$ | — | ? | Self-induced vibration caused by sliding friction at rolling surface | Reduce radial clearance, apply preload, change grease, replace with bearings with countermeasures |
| Natural frequency of cage | | f_c | Collision of cage with rolling elements or rings | Apply preload, use high-viscosity lubricant, reduce mounting error |
| Natural frequency of cage | | ? | Self-induced vibration caused by friction at cage guide surface | Change grease brand, replace with cage with countermeasures |
| Natural frequency of cage | | Zf_c | Collision of cage and rolling element caused by grease resistance | Reduce radial clearance, apply preload, use low-viscosity lubricant |
| Zf_c | — | — | Displacement of inner ring due to rolling element passage | Reduce radial clearance, apply preload |
| $nZf_i \pm f_r (nZ \pm 1 \text{ peaks})$ | $nZf_i (nZ \text{ peaks})$ | — | Inner ring raceway waviness, irregularity of shaft exterior | Use high-quality bearings, improve shaft accuracy |
| $nZf_c (nZ \pm 1 \text{ peaks})$ | $nZf_c (nZ \text{ peaks})$ | — | Outer ring raceway waviness, irregular housing bore | Use high-quality bearings, improve housing bore accuracy |
| $2nf_b \pm f_c (2n \text{ peaks})$ | $2nf_b (2n \text{ peaks})$ | — | Rolling element waviness | Use high-quality bearings |
| f_{RIN}, f_{MI} | f_{AIN}, f_{AM} | Zf_i | Nicks, dents, rust, flaking on inner ring raceway | Replace bearing and take care when handling |
| | | Zf_c | Nicks, dents, rust, flaking on inner ring raceway | Replace bearing and take care when handling |
| | | $2f_b$ | Nicks, dents, rust, flaking on rolling elements | Replace bearing and take care when handling |
| f_{RIN}, f_{MI} | f_{AIN}, f_{AM} | Irregular | Entry of dirt or debris | Wash the bearing, improve sealing |
| Natural frequency of seal | | (f_r) | Self-induced vibration due to friction at seal contact area | Change the seal, change the grease |
| ? | ? | Irregular | Lubricant or lubricant bubbles crushed between rolling elements and raceways | Change the grease |
| f_r | — | — | Irregular inner ring cross-section | Use high-quality bearings |
| f_c | — | — | Ball variation in bearing, rolling elements non-equidistant | Use high-quality bearings |
| $f_r - 2f_c$ | — | — | Non-linear vibration due to rigid variation by ball variation | Use high-quality bearings |

f_{AIN} : Ring natural frequency in axial bending mode (Hz)
 f_{AM} : Natural frequency in the mode of axial vibration in mass of an outer ring spring system (Hz)
 f_i : $f_i = f_r - f_c$ (Hz)
 f_b : Rotation frequency of rolling element around its center (Hz)

2. Grease for Motors

Grease Properties Table

| Name | Thickener | Base Oil | Dropping Point (°C) | Worked Penetration | Operating Temperature (°C) | Base Oil Viscosity (mm ² /s) (40°C) |
|------|--------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--|
| NS7 | Lithium soap | Ester + Diester | 192 | 250 | -40 to +130 | 24.1 |
| ENS | Urea | Polyolester | >260 | 264 | -40 to +160 | 30.5 |
| EA7 | Urea | Poly- α -olefin | >260 | 243 | -40 to +160 | 46 |
| EA9 | Urea | Poly- α -olefin | >260 | 314 | -40 to +140 | 47 |
| LGU | Urea | Poly- α -olefin | >260 | 201 | -40 to +120 | 95.8 |
| KPM | PTFE | Perfluoro-polyether | None | 290 | -20 to +200 | 420 |

3. Grease Life Equations

Grease Life of Sealed Ball Bearings

When grease is packed into single-row deep groove ball bearings, the grease life may be estimated using Equation (1), Equation (2), or Fig. 3:

(General-purpose grease (1))

$$\log t = 6.54 - 2.6 \frac{n}{N_{max}} - \left(0.025 - 0.012 \frac{n}{N_{max}}\right) T \quad \dots\dots\dots(1)$$

(Wide-range grease (2))

$$\log t = 6.12 - 1.4 \frac{n}{N_{max}} - \left(0.018 - 0.006 \frac{n}{N_{max}}\right) T \quad \dots\dots\dots(2)$$

where t : Average grease life (h)
 n : Speed (min⁻¹)
 N_{max} : Limiting speed with grease lubrication (min⁻¹)
 (values for ZZ and VV types are listed in the bearing tables)
 T : Operating temperature °C

Equation (1), Equation (2), and Fig. 3 apply under the following conditions:

(a) Speed n

$$0.25 \leq \frac{n}{N_{max}} \leq 1$$

when $\frac{n}{N_{max}} < 0.25$, assume $\frac{n}{N_{max}} = 0.25$

(b) Operating Temperature T
 For general-purpose grease (1) 70 °C ≤ T ≤ 110 °C

For wide-range grease (2) 70 °C ≤ T ≤ 130 °C
 When T < 70 °C, assume T = 70 °C
 (c) Bearing Loads
 The bearing loads should be about 1/10 or less the basic load rating C_r.
Notes (1) Mineral-oil based greases (e.g. lithium-soap based grease) often used around -10 to 110 °C.
 (2) Synthetic-oil based greases used over a wide temperature range around -40 to 130 °C.

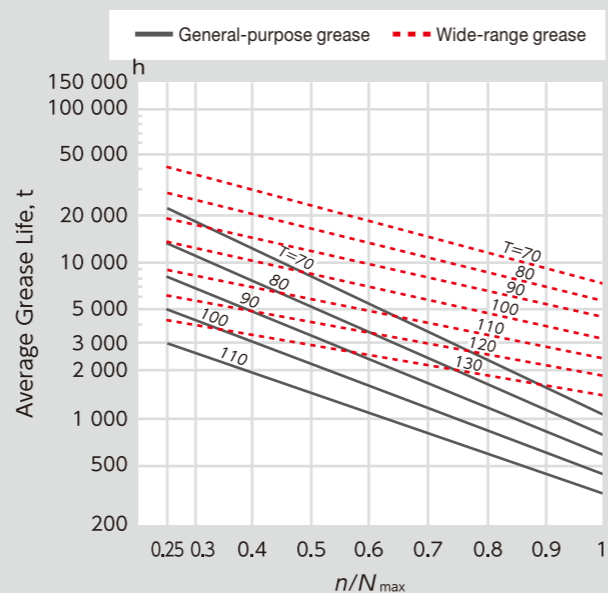


Fig. 3 Grease Life of Sealed Ball Bearings

4. Radial Internal Clearance

Radial Internal Clearances in Deep Groove Ball Bearings

Units: μm

| Nominal Bore Diameter d (mm) | Clearance | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | C2 | | CN | | C3 | | C4 | | C5 | | |
| over | incl. | min. | max. | min. | max. | min. | max. | min. | max. | min. | max. |
| 10 only | | 0 | 7 | 2 | 13 | 8 | 23 | 14 | 29 | 20 | 37 |
| 10 | 18 | 0 | 9 | 3 | 18 | 11 | 25 | 18 | 33 | 25 | 45 |
| 18 | 24 | 0 | 10 | 5 | 20 | 13 | 28 | 20 | 36 | 28 | 48 |
| 24 | 30 | 1 | 11 | 5 | 20 | 13 | 28 | 23 | 41 | 30 | 53 |
| 30 | 40 | 1 | 11 | 6 | 20 | 15 | 33 | 28 | 46 | 40 | 64 |
| 40 | 50 | 1 | 11 | 6 | 23 | 18 | 36 | 30 | 51 | 45 | 73 |
| 50 | 65 | 1 | 15 | 8 | 28 | 23 | 43 | 38 | 61 | 55 | 90 |
| 65 | 80 | 1 | 15 | 10 | 30 | 25 | 51 | 46 | 71 | 65 | 105 |
| 80 | 100 | 1 | 18 | 12 | 36 | 30 | 58 | 53 | 84 | 75 | 120 |
| 100 | 120 | 2 | 20 | 15 | 41 | 36 | 66 | 61 | 97 | 90 | 140 |
| 120 | 140 | 2 | 23 | 18 | 48 | 41 | 81 | 71 | 114 | 105 | 160 |
| 140 | 160 | 2 | 23 | 18 | 53 | 46 | 91 | 81 | 130 | 120 | 180 |
| 160 | 180 | 2 | 25 | 20 | 61 | 53 | 102 | 91 | 147 | 135 | 200 |
| 180 | 200 | 2 | 30 | 25 | 71 | 63 | 117 | 107 | 163 | 150 | 230 |
| 200 | 225 | 2 | 35 | 25 | 85 | 75 | 140 | 125 | 195 | 175 | 265 |
| 225 | 250 | 2 | 40 | 30 | 95 | 85 | 160 | 145 | 225 | 205 | 300 |
| 250 | 280 | 2 | 45 | 35 | 105 | 90 | 170 | 155 | 245 | 225 | 340 |
| 280 | 315 | 2 | 55 | 40 | 115 | 100 | 190 | 175 | 270 | 245 | 370 |
| 315 | 355 | 3 | 60 | 45 | 125 | 110 | 210 | 195 | 300 | 275 | 410 |
| 355 | 400 | 3 | 70 | 55 | 145 | 130 | 240 | 225 | 340 | 315 | 460 |
| 400 | 450 | 3 | 80 | 60 | 170 | 150 | 270 | 250 | 380 | 350 | 510 |
| 450 | 500 | 3 | 90 | 70 | 190 | 170 | 300 | 280 | 420 | 390 | 570 |
| 500 | 560 | 10 | 100 | 80 | 210 | 190 | 330 | 310 | 470 | 440 | 630 |
| 560 | 630 | 10 | 110 | 90 | 230 | 210 | 360 | 340 | 520 | 490 | 690 |
| 630 | 710 | 20 | 130 | 110 | 260 | 240 | 400 | 380 | 570 | 540 | 760 |
| 710 | 800 | 20 | 140 | 120 | 290 | 270 | 450 | 430 | 630 | 600 | 840 |

Remarks To obtain the measured values, use the clearance correction values in the table below. For the C2 clearance class, the smaller value should be used for bearings with minimum clearance and the larger value for bearings near the maximum clearance range.

Units: μm

| Nominal Bore Dia. d (mm) | Measuring Load (N) {kgf} | Radial Clearance Correction Amount | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|--------|----|----|---|
| | | C2 | CN | C3 | C4 | C5 | |
| 10 (incl) | 18 | 24.5 | 2.5 | 3 to 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 18 | 50 | 49 | 5 | 4 to 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 |
| 50 | 280 | 147 | 15 | 6 to 8 | 8 | 9 | 9 |

Remark For values exceeding 280 mm, please contact NSK.

Radial Internal Clearances in Bearings for Electric Motors

Deep Groove Ball Bearings for Electric Motors Units: μm

| Nominal Bore Dia. d (mm) | Clearance CM | Remarks | |
|--------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| | | Recommended Fit Shaft | Recommended Fit Housing Bore |
| 10 (incl) | 18 | 4 | 11 |
| 18 | 30 | 5 | 12 |
| 30 | 50 | 9 | 17 |
| 50 | 80 | 12 | 22 |
| 80 | 100 | 18 | 30 |
| 100 | 120 | 18 | 30 |
| 120 | 160 | 24 | 38 |

js5 (j5)
k5
m5
H6, 7 (1)
or
JS6, 7
(J6, J7) (2)

Notes (1) Applicable to outer rings that require movement in the axial direction.
 (2) Applicable to outer rings that do not require movement in the axial direction.

Remark The radial internal clearance increase caused by the measuring load is equal to the correction amount for CN clearance listed in the table above.

Cylindrical Roller Bearings for Electric Motors Units: μm

| Nominal Bore Dia. d (mm) | Clearance | Remarks | |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| | | Recommended Fit Shaft | Recommended Fit Housing Bore |
| 24 | 40 | 15 | 35 |
| 40 | 50 | 20 | 40 |
| 50 | 65 | 25 | 45 |
| 65 | 80 | 30 | 50 |
| 80 | 100 | 35 | 60 |
| 100 | 120 | 35 | 60 |
| 120 | 140 | 40 | 70 |
| 140 | 160 | 50 | 85 |
| 160 | 180 | 60 | 95 |
| 180 | 200 | 65 | 105 |

k5
m5
n6
JS6, JS7
(J6, J7) (1)
or
K6, K7 (2)

Notes (1) Applicable to outer rings that require movement in the axial direction.
 (2) Applicable to outer rings that do not require movement in the axial direction.

5. Example Bearing Damage in Motors

Seizure

| Damage | Possible Causes | Countermeasures |
|--|---|--|
| When sudden overheating occurs during rotation, the bearing becomes discolored. If operation continues, the raceway rings, rolling elements, and cage will soften, melt, and deform as damage accumulates. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Poor lubrication -Excessive load (excessive preload) -Excessive rotational speed -Excessively small internal clearance -Entry of water and debris -Poor precision of shaft and housing, excessive shaft bending | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Review the lubricant and lubrication method ● Re-investigate the suitability of the bearing type selected ● Review the preload, bearing clearance, and fitting ● Improve the sealing mechanism ● Check the precision of the shaft and housing ● Improve the mounting method |



Photo 1
Part: Inner ring of an angular contact ball bearing
Symptom: Raceway discoloration, melting at ball pitch intervals
Cause: Excessive preload



Photo 2
Part: Outer ring in Photo 1
Symptom: Raceway discoloration, melting at ball pitch intervals
Cause: Excessive preload



Photo 3
Part: Balls and cage of Photo 1
Symptom: Cage damaged by melting, balls discolored and melted
Cause: Excessive preload



Photo 4
Part: Inside a deep groove ball bearing
Symptom: Grease nearly depleted, carbonization
Cause: Poor lubrication



Photo 5
Part: Inside a deep groove ball bearing
Symptom: Cage damage, grease nearly depleted, carbonization
Cause: Poor lubrication



Photo 6
Part: Cylindrical roller bearing
Symptom: Seizure of roller at ring raceway surface
Cause: Excessively small internal clearance generated heat from motion of the inner ring and rollers under high speed and light load

Creep

| Damage | Possible Causes | Countermeasures |
|--|--|---|
| A phenomenon in bearings where relative slippage occurs at the fitting surfaces. Creep causes a shiny appearance, occasionally with scoring or wear. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Insufficient interference or loose fit -Insufficient sleeve tightening | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Check interference and prevent rotation ● Correct the sleeve tightening ● Review precision of the shaft and housing ● Apply axial preload ● Tighten the raceway ring side face ● Apply adhesive to the fitting surface ● Apply a film of lubricant to the fitting surface |



Photo 7
Part: Inner ring of a spherical roller bearing
Symptom: Creep accompanied by scoring of bore surface
Cause: Insufficient interference



Photo 8
Part: Outer ring of a spherical roller bearing
Symptom: Creep over entire circumference of outside surface
Cause: Loose fit between outer ring and housing

Motor Bearings Specification Request

Please contact your nearest NSK branch with the following:

◆ Basic Parameters

| | | | |
|--------------------|--|--|---|
| Motor Parameters | Application | | |
| | Rotational Speed | | |
| | Output | Max. : _____ kw ; Normal: _____ kw | |
| | Position | <input type="checkbox"/> Horizontal <input type="checkbox"/> Vertical <input type="checkbox"/> Inclined (inclination angle): _____ ° | |
| | Ambient Temp. | Range _____ to _____ °C ; Normal: _____ °C | |
| | Cooling Method | <input type="checkbox"/> Water <input type="checkbox"/> Oil <input type="checkbox"/> Air ; <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ | |
| | | Drive Side Bearing | Non Drive Side Bearing |
| Bearing Parameters | Designation | | |
| | Dimensions | Bore dia. ϕ _____ x Outside dia. ϕ _____ x Width _____ mm | Bore dia. ϕ _____ x Outside dia. ϕ _____ x Width _____ mm |
| | Lubrication Type | <input type="checkbox"/> Grease (Brand: _____) ; <input type="checkbox"/> Oil (Brand: _____) | |
| | Seal/Shield Type | <input type="checkbox"/> Open <input type="checkbox"/> Shielded (ZZ) <input type="checkbox"/> Sealed (VV/DDU/DDW) | |
| | Load | Axial Fa: _____ N ; Radial Fr : _____ N | |
| | | Rotor weight: _____ kg ; Side magnetic force: _____ N | |
| | Bearing Temp. | Min. : _____ °C ; Max. : _____ °C ; Normal : _____ °C | |
| Required Life | _____ Hours (or) _____ Years | | |
| Fitting Parameters | Fitting | Housing | _____ to _____ mm |
| | | Shaft | _____ to _____ mm |
| | Shaft Hollow Dia. | ϕ _____ mm (0 for non-hollow shafts) | ϕ _____ mm (0 for non-hollow shafts) |
| | Shaft Material | | |
| | Housing Material | | |
| Bearing Preload | <input type="checkbox"/> None ; <input type="checkbox"/> With preload : Type (<input type="checkbox"/> Spring / <input type="checkbox"/> Shim / <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____) : Location (<input type="checkbox"/> Drive side / <input type="checkbox"/> Non drive side) | | |

◆ To help analyze the bearing load, please provide a layout and dimensions.

| | |
|--------------|---|
| Motor Layout | Related Dimensions |
| | Distance From Bearing Center: _____ mm |
| | Distance From Load Center to Front Bearing Center: _____ mm |
| | Distance From Load Center to Rear Bearing Center: _____ mm |

Electrical Erosion

| Damage | Possible Causes | Countermeasures |
|--|---|---|
| When electric current passes through a bearing, arcing and burning occur throughout the thin oil film at points of contact between the race and rolling elements. The points of contact are melted locally to form "fluting" or groove-like corrugations which can be seen by the naked eye. Magnification of these grooves reveals crater-like depressions that indicate melting by arcing. | -Electric potential difference between inner and outer rings -High-frequency electric potential difference generated by instruments or substrates used near a bearing. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Design electric circuits that prevent current flow through the bearings • Insulate the bearing |



Photo 9
Part: Inner ring of a cylindrical roller bearing
Symptom: Belt pattern of electrical erosion accompanied by pits on the raceway surface



Photo 10
Part: Balls of a deep groove ball bearing
Symptom: A dark color covering the entire ball surface



Photo 11
Part: Inner ring of a deep groove ball bearing
Symptom: Fluting on the raceway surface (high frequency)
Enlargement



Photo 12
Part: Outer ring of a deep groove ball bearing
Symptom: Fluting on the raceway surface (high frequency)

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