

FINANCIAL CONFERENCE

FOR THE RESULTS OF THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

AND

FORECASTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 2006

Seiichi Asaka President & CEO May 17, 2005 NSK Ltd.

Cautionary Statements with Respect to Forward-Looking Statements

Statements made in this report with respect to plans, strategies and future performance that are not historical fact are forward-looking statements. NSK cautions that a number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements.

Note: This document is an English translation of material written initially in Japanese. The Japanese original should be considered the primary version.



Business Results for the Year Ended March 31, 2005

Summary of the Consolidated Business Results for FY 2004



Business environment of FY 2004

■ Demand environment

- Automotive production-related and capital expenditure-related demand remained strong throughout the year
- Demand from the semiconductor and liquid crystal display production equipment sectors weakened from Q3

OVERSEAS

- The Americas: Robust demand in Brazil.

Strong demand from Japanese carmakers in North America

Europe: Gradual recovery in demand

- Asia: Robust automotive production in Thailand

Strong industrial demand in China

■World-wide increase of steel prices

Summary of the Consolidated Business Results for FY 2004



Business results for FY 2004

- ■Both sales and operating income posted record highs Sales increased 11%, operating income increased 47% and ordinary income increased 73%, year-on-year
- ■Business results by business segment :

Industrial Machinery Bearings:

Achieved double-digit operating income margin

Automotive Products:

Demand increased but profits remained flat due to an increase in costs

Precision Machinery & Parts:

Maintained stable profitability

- ■ROE exceeded 11%
- ■Balance sheet reform:

 Reduced interest-bearing debts by 39.3 billion yen
- ■Increased dividends: Increased from ¥6.5 per share for FY 2003 to ¥11.0 per share for FY 2004

Summary of the Consolidated Business Results for FY 2004



(¥100 million)	(Year ended Mar. 31, '03) <u>FY</u> '02 <actual></actual>	(Year ended Mar. 31, '04) FY '03 <actual></actual>	(Year ended Mar. 31, '05) FY '04 <actual></actual>	Difference (amount) compared to the previous year	Difference (%) compared to the previous year
Sales	5,228	5,222	5,810	+588	+11.3%
Operating income	178	260	383	+123	+47.4%
<operating income="" margin=""></operating>	<3.4%>	<5.0%>	<6.6%>		
Ordinary income	108	191	331	+140	+73.1%
Profit before tax	-21	265	350	+85	+32.4%
Net income	-27	143	223	+80	+56.4%
(Rate: 1 US\$=) (Rate: 1 EURO=)	(¥125.33) (¥117.93)	(¥116.26) (¥131.32)	(¥108.20) (¥134.08)		

(¥100 million)	(Year ended Mar. 31, '03) FY '02:Year-end <actual></actual>	(Year ended Mar. 31, '04) FY '03:Year-end <actual></actual>	(Year ended Mar. 31, '05) FY '04:Year-end <actual></actual>	
ROE	-1.4	8.0	11.9	
Interest bearing debts	2,678	2,465	2,072	
D/E ratio	1.57	1.31	1.10	
Inventory	835	759	817	
Inventory turnover (times)	5.8	6.6	7.4	





(¥100 million)	(Year ended Mar. 31, '04) FY '03 <actual></actual>	(Year ended Mar. 31, '05) FY '04 <actual></actual>	Difference (amount) compared to the previous year	Difference (%) compared to the previous year
Sales	5,222	5,810	+588	+11.3%
Industrial machinery bearings	1,763	1,855	+92	+5.2%
Automotive products	2,858	3,162	+304	+10.6%
Precision machinery & parts	471	642	+171	+36.4%
Others	195	232	+37	+19.3%
Eliminations	-65	-81	-16	

• Industrial machinery bearings: Sales increased backed by continued strong demand from the machine

tool and general industrial sectors

• Automotive products: Sales of hub unit bearings, needle roller bearings and automatic

transmission components increased

• Precision machinery & parts: Sales to the machine tool manufacturers, general industrial sector and the

semiconductor and liquid crystal display production equipment sectors

increased.



Net Sales -By Customer Location-

(¥100 million)	(Year ended Mar. 31, '04) <u>FY '03</u> <actual></actual>	(Year ended Mar. 31, '05) FY '04 <actual></actual>	Difference (amount) compared to the previous year	Difference (%) compared to the previous year
Sales	5,222	5,810	+588	+11.3%
Japan	2,786	3,103	+317	+11.3%
The Americas	749	823	+74	+9.9%
Europe	854	936	+82	+9.6%
Asia	833	948	+115	+13.9%

• Japan: Strong demand continued from the automotive industry and general industrial sector,

while demand for precision machinery and parts also recovered significantly.

• The Americas: Strong demand continued in Brazil, while the U.S. economy saw a general recovery.

• Europe: Sales increased as result of sales expansion activities targeting industries such as the

automotive sector

• Asia: Strong demand continued in China. In Thailand, strong sales to the automotive

industry also continued, and demand for our precision machinery and parts, such as our

photofabrication equipment, increased.

Business Results

-By Business Segment -



(¥100 million)	(Year ended Mar. 31, '04) FY '03 <actual></actual>		(Year ended Mar. 31, '05) <u>FY '04</u> <actual></actual>		Difference (amount) compared to the previous year	Difference (%) compared to the previous year
Sales	5,222		5,810		+588	+11.3%
Industrial machinery bearings	1,763		1,855		+92	+5.2%
Automotive products	2,858		3,162		+304	+10.6%
Precision machinery & parts	471		642		+171	+36.4%
Others	195		232		+37	+19.3%
Eliminations	-65		-81		-16	
Operating income	260	<5.0%>	383	<6.6%>	+123	+47.4%
Industrial machinery bearings	122	<6.9%>	199	<10.8%>	+77	+64.1%
Automotive products	157	<5.5%>	158	<5.0%>	+1	+0.2%
Precision machinery & parts	0	<-0.0%>	48	<7.4%>	+48	
Others	12	<6.0%>	18	<7.9%>	+6	+56.5%
Eliminations	-31		-40		-9	

• Industrial machinery bearings: Achieved double-digit operating income margin, contributing to the improvement of profitability of the entire NSK Group.

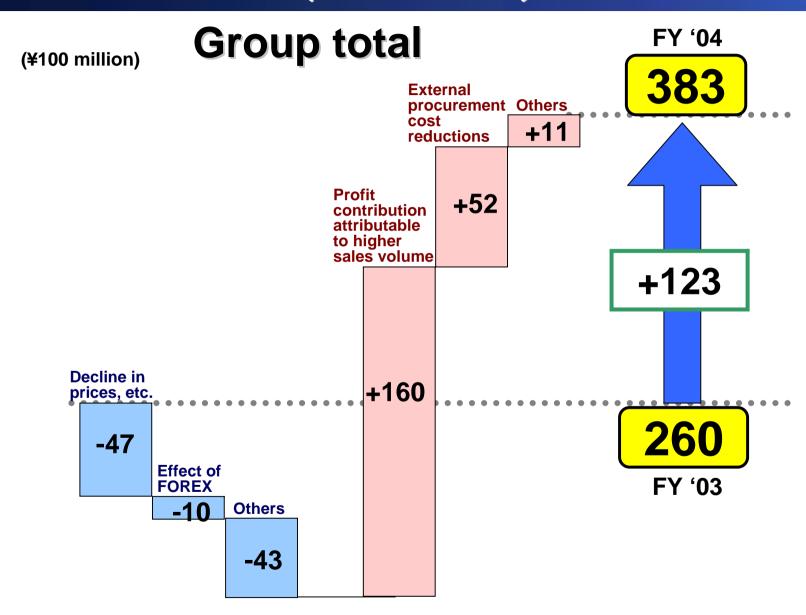
• Automotive products: Profitability remained flat compared to the previous year due to increased costs arising from increased production to comply to the strong demand.

increased production to comply to the strong demand.

• Precision machinery & parts: Profitability improved sharply and profits recorded for the full year for the first time in four years.



Operating Income: Improvement Factors (FY '03 VS FY '04)



Business Results

- By Geographical Segment -



(¥100 million)	(Year ended Mar FY '0 <actua< th=""><th><u>)3</u></th><th colspan="2">(Year ended Mar. 31, ′05) <u>FY '04</u> <actual></actual></th><th>Difference (amount) compared to the previous year</th><th>Difference (%) compared to the previous year</th></actua<>	<u>)3</u>	(Year ended Mar. 31, ′05) <u>FY '04</u> <actual></actual>		Difference (amount) compared to the previous year	Difference (%) compared to the previous year
Sales	5,222		5,810		+588	+11.3%
Japan	3,918		4,395		+477	+12.2%
The Americas	738		805		+67	+9.2%
Europe	898		1,002		+104	+11.5%
Asia	576		642		+66	+11.4%
Eliminations	-908		-1,034		-126	_
Operating income	260	<5.0%>	383	<6.6%>	+123	+47.4%
Japan	192	<4.9%>	273	<6.2%>	+81	+41.6%
The Americas	6	<0.8%>	25	<3.2%>	+19	+335.4%
Europe	26	<2.9%>	48	<4.8%>	+22	+83.0%
Asia	38	<6.6%>	33	<5.1%>	-5	-13.6%
Eliminations	-2		4		+6	

• Japan: Profits increased backed by strong demand, benefits from capital expenditures, and product price increases.

• The Americas: Demand in Brazil remained strong, while demand recovered in the U.S., leading to improved profitability.

• Europe: Increased production and sales volumes resulting from marketing activities lead to increased profitability.

• Asia: Profits in Thailand increased backed by strong demand, but profitability of our overall Asian business decreased due to up-front expenses of investments in China.

Non-operating Income and Losses, Extraordinary Income and Losses



Non-operating income and losses

 Non-operating balance improved, as reductions in interest-bearing debts brought about an improvement in our financial position.

(¥100 million)	FY '02	FY '03	FY '04	Difference (amount) compared to the previous year
Operating income	178	260	383	+123
Non-operating income	81	76	70	-6
Interest and dividend income	18	14	14	-0
Equity in earnings of affiliated companies	34	29	31	+2
Miscellaneous income	29	33	25	-8
Non-operating losses	151	145	122	-23
Interest expenses	66	61	50	-11
Miscellaneous expenses	85	84	72	-12

Extraordinary income and losses

 Extraordinary income arose from the partial adoption of a defined contribution pension plan instead of the existing 100% defined benefit pension plan

(¥100 million)	FY '02	FY '03	FY '04	(amount) compared to the previous year
Ordinary income	108	191	331	+140
Extraordinary income	160	85	24	-61
Gain on sales of investment securities	32	77	13	-64
Gain on transfer to defined contribution pension plan	_	_	11	+11
Gain on sales of investments in affiliated companies	_	8	_	-8
Gain on contribution of securities to employees' retirement benefit trust	119	_	_	_
Gain on sales of property, plant and equipment	9	_	_	_
Extraordinary losses	289	11	5	-6
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	_	11	2	-9
Loss on devaluation of affiliated company stocks	8	0	2	+2
Loss on devaluation of investment securities	129	_	1	+1
Costs related to business restructuring	150	_	_	
Provision for employee' retirement benefit trust	2	_	_	
Income before tax	-21	265	350	+85



Consolidated Balance Sheets

(¥100 million)	(Year ended Mar. 31, '03) FY 2002 Year-end	(Year ended Mar. 31, '04) FY 2003 Year-end	(Year ended Mar. 31, '05) FY 2004 Year-end	Difference (Compared to FY '03: Year-end)
Assets				
Current assets	2,857	2,955	2,787	-168
Non-current assets	3,074	3,264	3,499	+235
Total assets	5,931	6,219	6,286	+67
Liabilities and Shareholder's eq	uity			
Current liabilities	2,274	2,456	2,343	-113
Long-term liabilities	1,834	1,755	1,944	+189
Total liabilities	4,108	4,211	4,287	+76
Minority interests	117	121	116	-5
Total shareholder's equity	1,706	1,887	1,883	-4
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	5,931	6,219	6,286	+67
(Rate: 1US\$=) (Rate: 1EURO=)	(¥119.90) (¥125.08)	(¥107.13) (¥133.74)	(¥104.21) (¥141.61)	



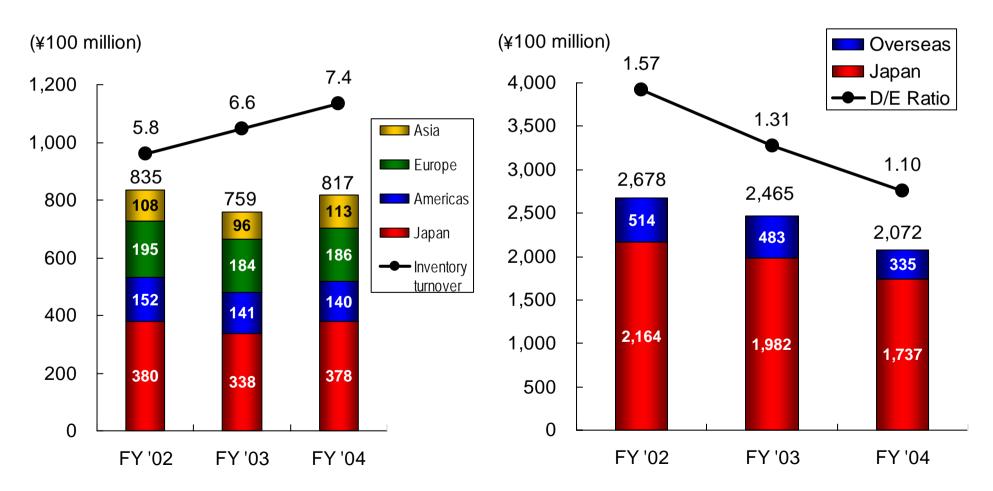
Inventories and Interest Bearing Debts

Inventories

 Higher sales volumes led to increased inventories, but inventory turnover improved.

Interest Bearing Debts

 Interest-bearing debts were reduced both in Japan and overseas.





Capital Expenditures, Depreciation & Amortization

 Capital expenditures that will support our future growth will be carried out, primarily in Japan and Asia.

(¥100 million)	FY '02	FY '03	FY '04
Capital expenditures	230	255	369
Japan	120	148	255
Overseas	110	107	114
The Americas	37	28	16
Europe	37	28	37
Asia	36	51	61
Depreciation	288	266	270
Japan	162	156	160
Overseas	126	110	110

Consolidated Cash Flow



(¥100 million)	FY '02	FY '03	FY '04
Cash flow provided by Operating activities	309	379	579
Cash flow used in Investing activities	-162	-170	-316
(Free cash flow)	(147)	(209)	(263)
Cash flow used in Financing activities	-118	-207	-461
Effect of foreign exchange rate fluctuations	-5	-1	2
Total cash flow	24	1	-196
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	589	590	394



Forecasts for the Year Ending March 31, 2006



Forecasts for FY 2005

Full year forecast for FY 2005

Sales: ¥610.0 billion

Operating income: ¥41.0 billion

Ordinary income: ¥37.0 billion

Aiming to achieve record sales and profits for the second consecutive year, despite the continued rise of steel prices

Forecasted business environment for FY 2005

[Japan]

Machine tools, General industrial sector:

Strong demand expected to continue, especially in Japan

Automotive production:

Robust demand expected to continue

Semiconductor and LCD production equipment industry:

Demand expected to recover in the latter half of the year

[Overseas]

•The Americas • Europe:

General outlook is unclear, but economic recovery expected to continue

Asia: Automotive related demand in Thailand and industrial demand in China expected to remain strong



Key Strategies for FY 2005

Improve profitability

Continue profitability improvement measures

- Adhere to capital expenditure schedules that are the foundation of corporate growth strategies
- Reflect rising steel prices onto our sales prices, as well as cost reduction efforts
- Implement price increases
- Secure stable steel supply
- Improve profitability of overseas businesses

Growth Strategy

Capture new demand

- Industrial Machinery Bearings
 Market is expected to grow, but at a slower pace
- Automotive Products
 Robust demand from Japanese car makers
- Precision Machinery and Parts
 Slowdown in production expected, but demand from the machine tool sector is expected to remain strong



Forecasts for FY 2005

(¥100 million)	FY 2004				FY 2	2005	
	1st half (Ended Sep. 30, '04) <actual></actual>	2nd half (Ended Mar. 31, '05) <actual></actual>	Full year (Ended Mar. 31, '05) <actual></actual>	1st half (Ending Sep. 30, '05) <forecast></forecast>	2nd half (Ending Mar. 31, '06) <forecast></forecast>	Full year (Ending Mar. 31, '06) <forecast></forecast>	Difference (amount) compared to the previous year
Sales	2,873	2,937	5,810	2,990	3,110	6,100	+290
Operating income	195	188	383	190	220	410	+27
<operating income="" margin=""></operating>	<6.8%>	<6.4%>	<6.6%>	<6.4%>	<7.1%>	<6.7%>	
Ordinary income	178	153	331	170	200	370	+39
Profit before tax	195	155	350	182	200	382	+32
Net income	118	105	223	100	125	225	+2
(Rate: 1 US\$=) (Rate: 1 EURO=)	(¥108.27) (¥132.63)	(¥108.13) (¥135.54)	(¥108.20) (¥134.08)	(¥104) (¥136)	→ →	→ →	



Forecasts for FY 2005 -By Business Segment-

(¥100 million)		FY 2004		FY 2005			
	1st half (Ended Sep. 30, '04) <actual></actual>	2nd half (Ended Mar. 31, '05) <actual></actual>	Full year (Ended Mar. 31, '05) <actual></actual>	1st half (Ending Sep. 30, '05) <forecast></forecast>	2nd half (Ending Mar. 31, '06) <forecast></forecast>	Full year (Ending Mar. 31, '06) <forecast></forecast>	Difference (amount) compared to the previous year
Sales	2,873	2,937	5,810	2,990	3,110	6,100	+290
Industrial machinery bearings	919	936	1,855	950	990	1,940	+85
Automotive products	1,555	1,607	3,162	1,650	1,725	3,375	+213
Precision machinery & parts	324	318	642	320	325	645	+3
Others	108	124	232	110	110	220	-12
Eliminations	-33	-48	-81	-40	-40	-80	+1



Forecasts for FY 2005 -By Customer Location-

(¥100 million)	FY 2004			FY 2005			
	1st half (Ended Sep. 30, '04) <actual></actual>	2nd half (Ended Mar. 31, '05) <actual></actual>	Full year (Ended Mar. 31, '05) <actual></actual>	1st half (Ending Sep. 30, '05) <forecast></forecast>	2nd half (Ending Mar. 31, '06) <forecast></forecast>	Full year (Ending Mar. 31, '06) <forecast></forecast>	Difference (amount) compared to the previous year
Sales	2,873	2,937	5,810	2,990	3,110	6,100	+290
Japan	1,507	1,596	3,103	1,558	1,674	3,232	+129
The Americas	411	412	823	435	438	873	+50
Europe	486	450	936	490	482	972	+36
Asia	469	479	948	507	516	1,023	+75

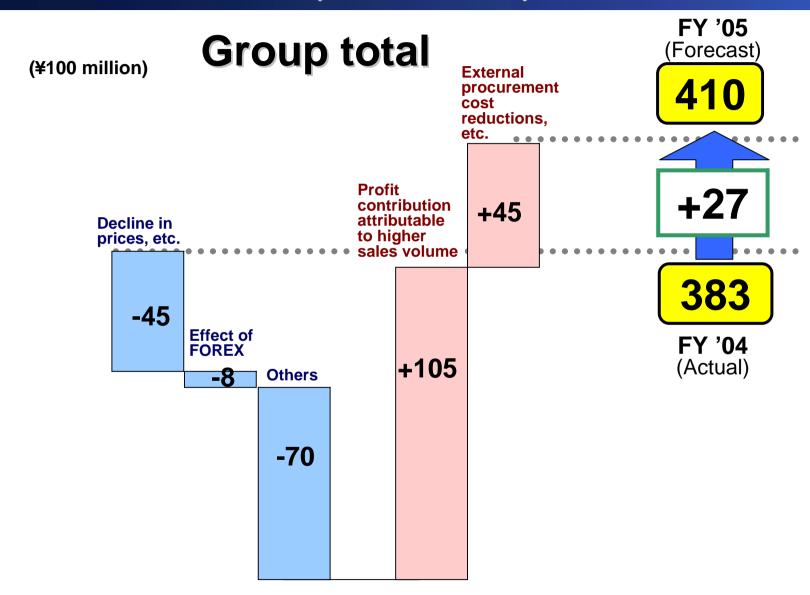


Forecasts for FY 2005 -By Business Segment-

(¥100 million)	FY 2004				FY 2005					
	1st half (Ended Sep. 30, '04) <actual></actual>	2nd half (Ended Mar. 31, '05) <actual></actual>	Full year (Ended Mar. 31, '05) <actual></actual>	(Ending S	half ep. 30, '05) ecast>	2nd (Ending M <fore< th=""><th>ar. 31, '06)</th><th>Full y (Ending Ma <fored< th=""><th>r. 31, '06)</th><th>Difference (amount) compared to the previous year</th></fored<></th></fore<>	ar. 31, '06)	Full y (Ending Ma <fored< th=""><th>r. 31, '06)</th><th>Difference (amount) compared to the previous year</th></fored<>	r. 31, '06)	Difference (amount) compared to the previous year
Sales	2,873	2,937	5,810	2,990		3,110		6,100		+290
Industrial machinery bearings	919	936	1,855	950		990		1,940		+85
Automotive products	1,555	1,607	3,162	1,650		1,725		3,375		+213
Precision machinery & parts	324	318	642	320		325		645		+3
Others	108	124	232	110		110		220		-12
Eliminations	-33	-48	-81	-40		-40		-80		+1
Operating income	195 <6.8%>	188 <6.4%>	383 <6.6%>	190	<6.4%>	220	<7.1%>	410	<6.7%>	+27
Industrial machinery bearings	94 < 10.2% >	105 <11.3%>	199<10.8%>	105	<11.1%>	115	<11.6%>	220	<11.3%>	+21
Automotive products	90 <5.8%>	68 <4.2%>	158 <5.0%>	75	<4.5%>	90	<5.2%>	165	<4.9%>	+7
Precision machinery & parts	26 <8.0%>	22 <6.8%>	48 <7.4%>	25	<7.8%>	30	<9.2%>	55	<8.5%>	+7
Others	5 <5.2%>	13 <10.3%>	18 <7.9%>	8	<7.3%>	7	<6.4%>	15	<6.8%>	-3
Eliminations	-20	-20	-40	-23		-22		-45		-5



Operating Income: Improvement Factors (FY '04 VS FY '05)





Forecasts for FY 2005 -By Geographical Segment-

(¥100 million)	FY 2004			FY 2005			
	1st half (Ended Sep. 30, '04) <actual></actual>	2nd half (Ended Mar. 31, '05) <actual></actual>	Full year (Ended Mar. 31, '05) <actual></actual>	1st half (Ending Sep. 30, '05) <forecast></forecast>	2nd half (Ending Mar. 31, '06) <forecast></forecast>	Full year (Ending Mar. 31, '06) <forecast></forecast>	Difference (amount) compared to the previous year
Sales	2,873	2,937	5,810	2,990	3,110	6,100	+290
Japan	2,133	2,262	4,395	2,260	2,370	4,630	+235
The Americas	403	402	805	430	430	860	+55
Europe	515	487	1,002	540	520	1,060	+58
Asia	311	331	642	350	390	740	+98
Eliminations	-489	-545	-1,034	-590	-600	-1,190	-156
Operating income	195 <6.8%>	188 <6.4%>	383 <6.6%>	190<6.4%>	220 <7.1%>	410<6.7%>	+27
Japan	134 <6.3%>	139 <6.1%>	273 <6.2%>	136<6.0%>	148<6.2%>	284 <6.1%>	+11
The Americas	12 <3.0%>	13 <3.3%>	25 <3.2%>	16<3.7%>	20<4.7%>	36<4.2%>	+11
Europe	27 <5.3%>	21 <4.2%>	48 <4.8%>	24<4.4%>	26 <5.0%>	50<4.7%>	+2
Asia	17 <5.4%>	16 <4.7%>	33 <5.1%>	19<5.4%>	23<5.9%>	42 <5.7%>	+9
Eliminations	5	-1	4	-5	3	-2	-6



Reference

(¥100 million)	FY 2005 <forecast></forecast>			
Capital expenditures	400			
Japan	268			
Overseas	132			
The Americas	30			
Europe	34			
Asia	68			
(¥100 million)	FY 2005 <forecast></forecast>			
Depreciation	295			
(¥100 million)	FY 2005 < Forecast >			
R&D expenses	110			